

Lesson 2: MyPlate

Nutrition Objectives:

- 1. Students will be able to identify the food groups on MyPlate.
- 2. Students will be able to state that half of their plate should be filled with fruits and vegetables.

Supplies/Materials:

- MyPlate poster
- Fill Your Plate with Healthy Foods Every Day handout (front) and worksheet (back)
- Food Groups Graphic Organizer (one for each student)
- MyPlate Crossword Puzzle (one for each student)

Lesson:

- **Ask**→ Did anyone try a new fruit or vegetable this week?
- **Ask**→ What fruit or vegetable did you try?
- **Ask**→ Did you like it?
- Say→ Today we are going to learn about MyPlate and the five food groups.
 - Show the students the MyPlate poster
- **Ask**→ What do you notice about the plate on this poster? (There are five different colors, each representing a different food group.)
- Say→ This is called MyPlate and it is used as a guide to teach us how to eat healthy. There are five food groups on MyPlate.
- **Ask→** Does anyone know what that means?
- Say→ There are all sorts of foods that we eat, and they fall into certain groups. These groups are all important for our bodies because they help our bodies in different ways. We need to make sure we eat some foods from every food group, every day.
- Say→ Let's look at the fruit group first. Fruits help to keep you healthy.
- **Ask**→ Can anyone name their favorite fruit?
- Say→ Let's look at the **vegetable** group next. Vegetables keep you growing strong.
- **Ask**→ Can anyone name their favorite vegetable?
- Say→ The next group is grains. Grains give you energy so you can go to school and be active outside. Grains give you energy so you can learn and play.
- **Ask→** Can anyone think of foods that belong in the grains group? (bread, rice, pasta, & cereal)
- Say→ The next food group is **protein**. Foods in the protein group help build strong muscles.
- **Ask**→ What are some foods in the protein group? (beef, chicken, eggs, beans, fish and nuts)
- Say→ Our last food group is dairy. Foods in the dairy group have milk in them so think of foods that come from cows. Other non-dairy sources that have added calcium, include fortified almond milk and/or soy milk or low-fat lactaid milk. Calcium rich-foods help build strong bones and teeth.

(continued)



- **Ask**→ What are some foods in the dairy group? (milk, cheese, yogurt)
- Say→ We need to have foods from all the five food groups every day to make us grow and give us energy. All of the five food groups are important, including the fruit and vegetable groups.
- Say→ Let's take a closer look at the fruit (red) and vegetable (green) groups.
- **Ask→** How much of the plate is full if you combine the fruit and vegetable groups? (one half)
- **Ask**→ What meal do you eat that looks most like this plate? (lunch or dinner)
- Say→ This means that at least half your lunch or dinner plate should be filled with foods that come from plants.
- **Ask**→ Is your lunch or dinner plate at home half full of fruits and vegetables?
- Ask→ Maybe you can ask the person who cooks in your house to buy and/or prepare more fruits and vegetables?
- Say→ Try to eat fruits and veggies every day this week and don't be afraid to try something new.

Say→Remember: Fruit helps keep you healthy, and vegetables keep you growing strong, so you should try to eat them every day. During the next few lessons, you're going to be learning about the amount of fruits and veggies you should eat every day and how different color fruits and vegetables help different parts of your body.

Activity #1: Fill Your Plate with Healthy Foods Every Day

Read through the food groups with the key messages to the class. Have students use the backside of the worksheet to write as many foods in each food group they can think of. Use the MyPlate poster to assist them if necessary.

<u>Activity #2: Food Group Graphic Organizer</u> Ask students to write as many foods as they can think of in each bubble. Review the answers with the class.

Activity #3: MyPlate Crossword Puzzle (Curriculum Connection/Language Arts)