

University of Rhode Island



About This Report

About Your Engagement Indicators Report

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four broad themes as shown at right.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
Academic Challenge	Higher-Order Learning Reflective & Integrative Learning Learning Strategies Quantitative Reasoning
Learning with Peers	Collaborative Learning Discussions with Diverse Others
Experiences with Faculty	Student-Faculty Interaction Effective Teaching Practices
Campus Environment	Quality of Interactions Supportive Environment

Report Sections

Overview (p. 3)

Displays how average EI scores for your first-year and senior students compare with those of students at your comparison group institutions.

Theme Reports (pp. 4-13)

Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores:

Mean Comparisons

Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).

Score Distributions

Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores within your institution and comparison

Performance on Indicator Items

Responses to each item in a given EI are summarized for your institution and comparison groups.

Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions (p.

Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of 2015 and 2016 participating institutions.

Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-19)

Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

Interpreting Comparisons

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. For EI comparisons, NSSE research has concluded that an effect size of about .1 may be considered small, .3 medium, and .5 large (Rocconi & Gonyea, 2015). Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview (p. 3).

Els vary more among students within an institution than between institutions, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how El scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. The Report Builder—Institution Version and your Major Field Report (both to be released in the fall) offer valuable perspectives on internal variation and help you investigate your students'

How Engagement Indicators are Computed

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE website: nsse.indiana.edu

Rocconi, L., & Gonyea, R. M. (2015). Contextualizing student engagement effect sizes: An empirical analysis. Paper presented at the Association for Institutional Research Annual Forum, Denver, CO.



Overview

University of Rhode Island

Engagement Indicators: Overview

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four broad themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups.

Your first-year students

Use the following key:

First-Year Students

- **Your students' average** was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.
- \triangle Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- -- No significant difference.
- ∇ Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- **Vour students' average** was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

Th	For a second to disable	compared with	compared with	compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	New England Public	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2015 & 2016
	Higher-Order Learning	 \		·
Academic Challenge	Reflective & Integrative Learning	∇	∇	∇
Challenge	Learning Strategies			∇
	Quantitative Reasoning			
Learning with	Collaborative Learning	Δ	Δ	Δ
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others			∇
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction		Δ	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	∇	∇	∇
Campus	Quality of Interactions		∇	∇
Environment	Supportive Environment			
niors Theme	Engagement Indicator	Your seniors compared with New England Public	Your seniors compared with Carnegie Class	Your seniors compared with NSSE 2015 & 2016
meme	Higher-Order Learning	==	V	V
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning			$\overset{\cdot}{ abla}$
	members a mitagrative zearing			•
Challenge	Learning Strategies	∇	∇	∇
Challenge	Learning Strategies Quantitative Reasoning	∇	$\overset{\nabla}{\triangle}$	∇
J	Quantitative Reasoning	▼Δ	∇ Δ	∇Δ
Learning with		▼△	٨	Δ.
Challenge Learning with Peers Experiences	Quantitative Reasoning Collaborative Learning	▼△△	٨	Δ
Learning with	Quantitative Reasoning Collaborative Learning Discussions with Diverse Others	▲ 	٨	Δ
Learning with Peers Experiences	Quantitative Reasoning Collaborative Learning Discussions with Diverse Others Student-Faculty Interaction	▲ △	△ △ 	△

Your first-year students

Your first-year students



Academic Challenge University of Rhode Island

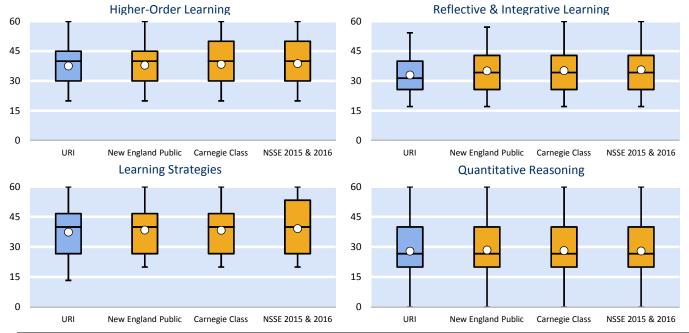
Academic Challenge: First-year students

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with				
	URI	New England Public Effect	Carnegie Class Effect	NSSE 2015 & 2016 Effect		
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size		
Higher-Order Learning	37.6	38.003	38.406	38.8 *09		
Reflective & Integrative Learning	33.0	35.1 ***17	35.2 ***18	35.6 ***21		
Learning Strategies	37.4	38.508	38.307	39.2 ***13		
Quantitative Reasoning	27.9	28.504	28.202	28.0 .00		

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge University of Rhode Island

Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much **higher** your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Orange bars indicate how much **lower** your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point	difference ^a between you	
Higher-Order Learning	URI	New England Public	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2015 & 2016
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%		-	
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	75	+4	+2	+3
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	67	-3	-4	-4
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	65	-2	-3	-5
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	66	-1	-1	-3
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	47	-9	-8	-8
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	48	-6	-3	-5
2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	41	-9	-9	-10
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	58	-2	-4	-5
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	60	-6	-7	-8
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	65	-1	+0	-1
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge		-2	-2	-3
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	75	-4	-2	-4
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	65	+2	+1	-1
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	60	-2	-1	-3
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	53	-1	-2	-0
6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	40	-2	-0	-0
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	39	-1	-0	+0

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage—Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Academic Challenge University of Rhode Island

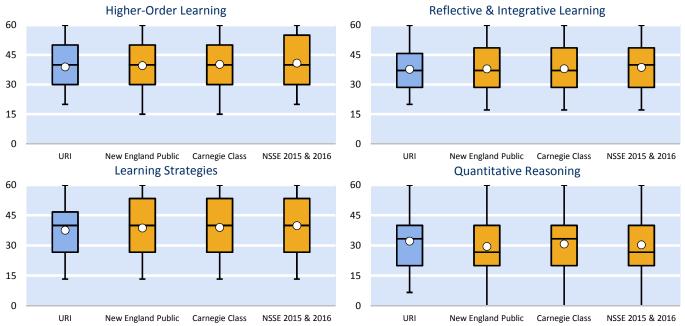
Academic Challenge: Seniors

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies*, and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons	Comparisons Your seniors compared with				
	URI	New England Pu Effect	•		
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean siz	e Mean size	
Higher-Order Learning	38.9	39.605	40.2 **0	9 40.9 ***14	
Reflective & Integrative Learning	37.7	37.901	38.00	2 38.7 *07	
Learning Strategies	37.6	38.7 *08	39.0 **0	9 39.9 ***15	
Quantitative Reasoning	32.2	29.5 *** .16	30.7 * .0	8 30.3 ** .11	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge University of Rhode Island

Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much **higher** your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Orange bars indicate how much **lower** your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage poir	your seniors and	
Higher-Order Learning	URI	New England Public	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2015 & 2016
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized		Tublic	Carriegie Class	2010
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	% 80	+3	+1	+1
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	74	+0	-2	-3
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	67	-2	-1	-5
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	70	+0	-0	-3
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	74	+3	+2	+3
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	65	+2	+3	+1
2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	46	-7	-5	-9
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	64	-0	-0	-3
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	69	+1	-0	-2
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	72	+3	+3	+1
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	83	+2	+1	-0
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	79	-2	-1	-3
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	58	-1	-3	-5
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	62	-0	-0	-3
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	60	+6	+3	+4
6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	50	+6	+4	+5
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	51	+6	+5	+6

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage—Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Learning with Peers University of Rhode Island

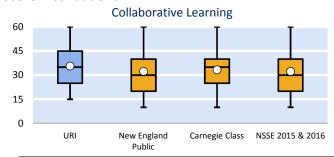
Learning with Peers: First-year students

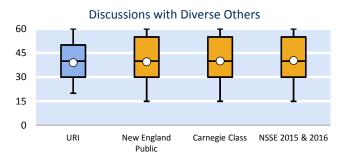
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with				
	URI	New England Public Effect	Carnegie Class Effect	NSSE 2015 & 2016 <i>Effect</i>		
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size		
Collaborative Learning	35.7	32.4 *** .24	33.3 *** .17	32.3 *** .23		
Discussions with Diverse Others	39.0	39.604	40.107	40.4 *09		

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .01 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions





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Performance on Indicator Items

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		Percentage point	difference ^a between you	ur FY students and
		New England		NSSE 2015 &
Collaborative Learning	URI	Public	Carnegie Class	2016
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	62	+11	+8	+11
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	64	+6	+4	+6
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	62	+12	+10	+12
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	60	+8	+6	+7
Discussions with Diverse Others				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with				
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	71	+2	+1	-1
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	70	-0	-2	-2
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	64	-3	-3	-4
8d. People with political views other than your own	68	+2	+0	+1

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage—Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Learning with Peers University of Rhode Island

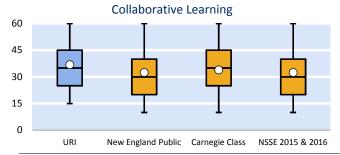
Learning with Peers: Seniors

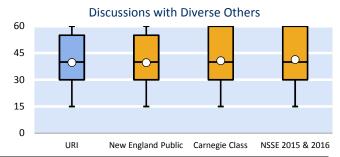
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your seniors compared with	
	URI	New England Public Effect	Carnegie Class Effect	NSSE 2015 & 2016 Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Collaborative Learning	36.8	32.5 *** .31	33.9 *** .20	32.4 *** .30
Discussions with Diverse Others	39.7	39.6 .01	40.706	41.3 **10

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

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		Percentage point difference a between your seniors and			
		New England		NSSE 2015 &	
Collaborative Learning	URI	Public	Carnegie Class	2016	
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			·	
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	54	+13	+9	+13	
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	70	+10	+8	+12	
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	58	+12	+9	+12	
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	72	+10	+6	+8	
Discussions with Diverse Others					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with					
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	68	+0	-2	-4	
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	71	+0	-2	-3	
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	66	-0	-1	-3	
8d. People with political views other than your own	70	+3	+1	+0	

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Experiences with Faculty University of Rhode Island

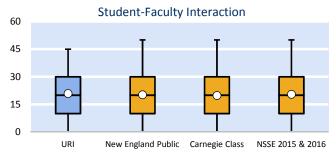
Experiences with Faculty: First-year students

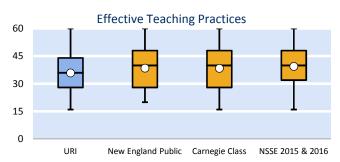
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your f	vith	
	URI	New England Public Effect	Carnegie Class Effect	NSSE 2015 & 2016 Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Student-Faculty Interaction	20.9	20.2 .05	19.8 * .07	20.5 .03
Effective Teaching Practices	35.9	38.5 ***20	38.4 ***19	39.4 ***27

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

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		Percentage point difference $^{\it a}$ between your FY students and			
		New England		NSSE 2015 &	
Student-Faculty Interaction	URI	Public	Carnegie Class	2016	
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%				
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	36	+4	+5	+3	
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	19	+0	+1	-0	
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	25	+0	+1	-0	
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	32	+3	+5	+3	
Effective Teaching Practices					
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have					
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	75	-4	-2	-4	
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	72	-3	-4	-5	
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	71	-4	-3	-4	
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	55	-9	-7	-10	
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	53	-5	-4	-8	

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Experiences with Faculty University of Rhode Island

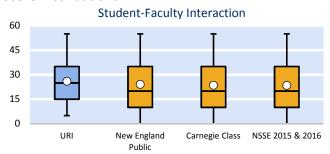
Experiences with Faculty: Seniors

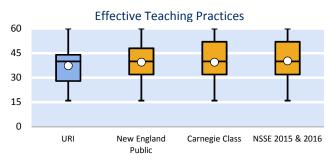
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Mean Comparisons		Y	our seniors compared with	
	URI	New England Public Effect	Carnegie Class Effect	NSSE 2015 & 2016 Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Student-Faculty Interaction	26.0	24.2 *** .12	23.6 *** .15	23.5 *** .16
Effective Teaching Practices	37.4	39.5 ***16	39.5 ***16	40.3 ***21

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

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		Percentage poi	nt difference ^a between y	our seniors and
		New England		NSSE 2015 &
Student-Faculty Interaction	URI	Public	Carnegie Class	2016
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	47	+4	+6	+5
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	32	+4	+4	+5
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	37	+2	+3	+4
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	38	+4	+7	+6
Effective Teaching Practices				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	75	-5	-5	-6
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	72	-6	-6	-7
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	75	-2	-3	-3
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	58	-3	+0	-3
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	65	+1	+1	-1

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage—Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Campus Environment University of Rhode Island

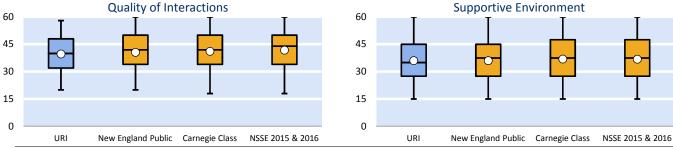
Campus Environment: First-year students

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with									
	URI	New En	gland Public Effect	Carne	gie Class Effect	NSSE 20	15 & 2016 <i>Effect</i>	_			
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size				
Quality of Interactions	39.7	40.6	07	41.2 **	12	41.8 ***	17				
Supportive Environment	36.0	36.0	.00	36.9	06	36.8	06				

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .01 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much **higher** your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Orange bars indicate how much **lower** your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point	difference ^a between you	your FY students and		
		New England		NSSE 2015 &		
Quality of Interactions	URI	Public	Carnegie Class	2016		
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%					
13a. Students	54	+1	-2	-2		
13b. Academic advisors	40	-4	-8	-10		
13c. Faculty	36	-9	-11	-14		
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	41	+0	-3	-4		
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	34	-3	-5	-8		
Supportive Environment						
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized						
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	76	+3	+0	-0		
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	79	+4	+2	+2		
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	61	+3	+3	+0		
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	69	-2	-4	-3		
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	68	-3	-4	-2		
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	42	-0	-1	-2		
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	63	-4	-5	-3		
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	48	-7	-5	-4		

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Campus Environment University of Rhode Island

Campus Environment: Seniors

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your seniors compared with									
	URI	New England Public Effect	Carnegie Class Effect	NSSE 2015 & 2016 Effect							
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size							
Quality of Interactions	38.9	40.8 ***16	41.8 ***24	42.6 ***30							
Supportive Environment	30.9	32.4 **11	32.9 ***15	32.9 ***14							

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .01 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much **higher** your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Orange bars indicate how much **lower** your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage poir	Percentage point difference ^a between your seniors and				
		New England		NSSE 2015 &			
Quality of Interactions	URI	Public	Carnegie Class	2016			
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%						
13a. Students	58	+1	-3	-3			
13b. Academic advisors	35	-12	-14	-18			
13c. Faculty	42	-11	-14	-17			
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	31	-8	-10	-12			
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	33	-4	-6	-9			
Supportive Environment							
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized							
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	67	-2	-4	-5			
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	65	-0	-1	-2			
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	47	-3	-4	-7			
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	62	-2	-4	-3			
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	58	-4	-5	-3			
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	27	-3	-4	-5			
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	51	-7	-8	-5			
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	38	-11	-7	-6			

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage—Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.

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Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions University of Rhode Island

Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

While NSSE's policy is not to rank institutions (see nsse.indiana.edu/html/position_policies.cfm), the results below are designed to compare the engagement of your students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE^a for their high average levels of student engagement:

- (a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all 2015 and 2016 NSSE institutions, and
- (b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all 2015 and 2016 NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for most institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was as engaged as (or even more engaged than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark (\checkmark) signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable to that of the high-performing group. However, the presence of a check mark does not necessarily mean that your institution was a member of that group.

It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is within, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

rop 10% Effect size3751452112353859	✓
37 51 45 21 12 35	✓_
51 45 21 12 35	
45 21 12 35	
21 12 35 38	
12 35 38	
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op 10%	
Effect size	✓
42	
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06	✓
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	Fop 10% Effect size42414906083443

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

a. Precision-weighted means (produced by Hierarchical Linear Modeling) were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator from all NSSE 2015 and 2016 institutions, separately for first-year and senior students. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.

b. Check marks are assigned to comparisons that are either significant and positive, or non-significant with an effect size > -.10.



Detailed Statistics^a University of Rhode Island

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

	Mea	n statist	ics		Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores		Comparison results			
									Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. f	size ^g
Academic Challenge												
Higher-Order Learning												
URI $(N = 748)$	37.6	12.8	.47	20	30	40	45	60				
New England Public	38.0	13.3	.16	20	30	40	45	60	7,723	4	.449	029
Carnegie Class	38.4	13.5	.06	20	30	40	50	60	46,811	8	.092	062
NSSE 2015 & 2016	38.8	13.7	.03	20	30	40	50	60	751	-1.2	.011	087
Top 50%	40.5	13.6	.04	20	30	40	50	60	131,193	-2.9	.000	217
Top 10%	42.7	13.7	.08	20	35	40	55	60	794	-5.1	.000	373
Reflective & Integrative Learni	ing											
URI $(N = 778)$	33.0	11.5	.41	17	26	31	40	54				
New England Public	35.1	12.3	.14	17	26	34	43	57	975	-2.1	.000	170
Carnegie Class	35.2	12.4	.06	17	26	34	43	60	806	-2.2	.000	180
NSSE 2015 & 2016	35.6	12.5	.02	17	26	34	43	60	782	-2.6	.000	208
Top 50%	37.4	12.5	.03	17	29	37	46	60	787	-4.4	.000	350
Top 10%	39.5	12.8	.08	20	31	40	49	60	834	-6.5	.000	511
Learning Strategies												
URI $(N = 696)$	37.4	13.4	.51	13	27	40	47	60				
New England Public	38.5	14.0	.17	20	27	40	47	60	7,078	-1.1	.054	077
Carnegie Class	38.3	14.0	.07	20	27	40	47	60	42,612	9	.083	066
NSSE 2015 & 2016	39.2	14.1	.03	20	27	40	53	60	254,965	-1.8	.001	125
Top 50%	41.2	14.1	.04	20	33	40	53	60	705	-3.8	.000	266
Top 10%	43.7	14.3	.08	20	33	47	60	60	733	-6.3	.000	445
Quantitative Reasoning												
URI (N = 762)	27.9	14.6	.53	0	20	27	40	60				
New England Public	28.5	15.6	.19	0	20	27	40	60	960	6	.311	037
Carnegie Class	28.2	15.9	.07	0	20	27	40	60	791	3	.602	018
NSSE 2015 & 2016	28.0	16.2	.03	0	20	27	40	60	766	1	.897	004
Top 50%	29.5	16.1	.04	0	20	27	40	60	770	-1.5	.004	095
Top 10%	31.3	16.2	.08	0	20	33	40	60	799	-3.3	.000	207
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
URI (N = 803)	35.7	13.4	.47	15	25	35	45	60				
New England Public	32.4	13.8	.16	10	20	30	40	60	993	3.3	.000	.239
Carnegie Class	33.3	14.0	.06	10	25	35	40	60	830	2.3	.000	.166
NSSE 2015 & 2016	32.3	14.5	.03	10	20	30	40	60	807	3.4	.000	.232
Top 50%	35.2	13.8	.04	15	25	35	45	60	150,061	.4	.375	.031
Top 10%	37.3	13.6	.08	15	25	40	45	60	32,416	-1.7	.001	122
Discussions with Diverse Othe	rs											
URI $(N = 701)$	39.0	15.2	.57	20	30	40	50	60				
New England Public	39.6	15.7	.19	15	30	40	55	60	7,155	6	.368	036
Carnegie Class	40.1	15.6	.08	15	30	40	55	60	43,093	-1.1	.071	069
NSSE 2015 & 2016	40.4	16.0	.03	15	30	40	55	60	705	-1.4	.018	085
Top 50%	42.7	15.2	.04	20	35	40	60	60	134,457	-3.6	.000	240
Top 10%	44.3	15.1	.07	20	35	45	60	60	41,981	-5.3	.000	351

Experiences with Faculty



Detailed Statistics^a University of Rhode Island

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

	Manualatiatia					d			Commerciana annulta				
	Mea	ın statist	ics		Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores		Comparison results				
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g	
Student-Faculty Interaction	WEUII	30	JLIVI	Stil	2501	30111	7501	9501	jiccuom	uijj.	Sig.	3120	
URI (N = 757)	20.9	14.0	.51	0	10	20	30	45					
New England Public	20.2	14.5	.17	0	10	20	30	50	7,895	.7	.229	.046	
Carnegie Class	19.8	14.5	.07	0	10	20	30	50	47,843	1.1	.046	.073	
NSSE 2015 & 2016	20.5	14.7	.03	0	10	20	30	50	284,521	.4	.449	.028	
Top 50%	23.8	15.0	.05	0	15	20	35	55	770	-2.9	.000	195	
Top 10%	26.9	16.0	.13	5	15	25	40	60	855	-6.0	.000	378	
Effective Teaching Practices													
URI $(N = 764)$	35.9	12.5	.45	16	28	36	44	60					
New England Public	38.5	12.8	.15	20	28	40	48	60	7,901	-2.6	.000	204	
Carnegie Class	38.4	13.1	.06	16	28	40	48	60	791	-2.5	.000	193	
NSSE 2015 & 2016	39.4	13.4	.03	16	32	40	48	60	768	-3.6	.000	267	
Top 50%	41.6	13.4	.04	20	32	40	52	60	775	-5.7	.000	423	
Top 10%	43.8	13.5	.09	20	36	44	56	60	821	-7.9	.000	589	
Campus Environment													
Quality of Interactions													
URI $(N = 681)$	39.7	11.7	.45	20	32	40	48	58					
New England Public	40.6	11.8	.15	20	34	42	50	60	6,809	9	.064	075	
Carnegie Class	41.2	12.3	.06	18	34	42	50	60	40,753	-1.5	.002	120	
NSSE 2015 & 2016	41.8	12.5	.03	18	34	44	50	60	245,243	-2.1	.000	168	
Top 50%	44.1	11.8	.04	22	38	46	52	60	97,598	-4.4	.000	372	
Top 10%	45.9	12.1	.08	22	40	48	56	60	21,304	-6.2	.000	510	
Supportive Environment													
URI $(N = 671)$	36.0	12.9	.50	15	28	35	45	60					
New England Public	36.0	13.3	.17	15	28	38	45	60	6,576	.0	.975	.001	
Carnegie Class	36.9	13.7	.07	15	28	38	48	60	696	9	.089	062	
NSSE 2015 & 2016	36.8	13.9	.03	15	28	38	48	60	674	8	.115	057	
Top 50%	39.2	13.3	.04	18	30	40	50	60	111,724	-3.1	.000	234	
Top 10%	40.9	13.3	.08	20	33	40	53	60	28,328	-4.8	.000	363	

 $a. \ Results \ weighted \ by \ institution-reported \ sex \ and \ enrollment \ status \ (and \ institutional \ size \ for \ comparison \ groups).$

IPEDS: 217484

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 x SEM) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the *t*-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



Detailed Statistics^a University of Rhode Island

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mea	n statist	ics		Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores			mparison	results	
		SD ^b	SEM ^c	F#L	2546	50+h	7546	05+1-	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g
Academic Challenge	Mean	30	SEIVI	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	jreedom	uijj.	Sig.	SIZE
Higher-Order Learning												
URI (N = 769)	20.0	12.0	47	20	20	40	50	<i>c</i> 0				
,	38.9	12.9	.47	20	30	40	50	60	0.16	7	100	0.47
New England Public	39.6	14.2	.15	15	30	40	50	60	946	7	.180	047
Carnegie Class	40.2	14.1	.06	15	30	40	50	60	794	-1.3	.007	091
NSSE 2015 & 2016	40.9	14.1	.02	20	30	40	55	60	772	-1.9	.000	137
Top 50%	43.1	13.8	.04	20	35	40	55	60	779	-4.2	.000	306
Top 10%	44.7	13.7	.07	20	40	45	60	60	804	-5.7	.000	420
Reflective & Integrative Learni	ng											
URI (N = 786)	37.7	11.8	.42	20	29	37	46	60				
New England Public	37.9	13.1	.14	17	29	37	49	60	965	2	.665	015
Carnegie Class	38.0	13.1	.06	17	29	37	49	60	812	2	.558	019
NSSE 2015 & 2016	38.7	13.0	.02	17	29	40	49	60	789	9	.025	073
Top 50%	41.0	12.7	.04	20	31	40	51	60	797	-3.2	.000	254
Top 10%	42.9	12.5	.07	20	34	43	54	60	830	-5.1	.000	410
	12.5	12.5	.07	20	31	15	3.	00	030	5.1	.000	.110
Learning Strategies												
URI $(N = 736)$	37.6	13.5	.50	13	27	40	47	60				
New England Public	38.7	14.7	.17	13	27	40	53	60	911	-1.1	.032	077
Carnegie Class	39.0	14.8	.07	13	27	40	53	60	761	-1.4	.005	095
NSSE 2015 & 2016	39.9	14.8	.03	13	27	40	53	60	740	-2.3	.000	155
Top 50%	42.2	14.5	.04	20	33	40	60	60	744	-4.7	.000	321
Top 10%	44.5	14.2	.07	20	33	47	60	60	766	-6.9	.000	485
Quantitative Reasoning												
URI (N = 776)	32.2	15.9	.57	7	20	33	40	60				
New England Public	29.5	17.0	.18	0	20	27	40	60	944	2.7	.000	.157
Carnegie Class	30.7	17.0	.07	0	20	33	40	60	800	1.4	.013	.085
NSSE 2015 & 2016	30.3	17.0	.03	0	20	27	40	60	779	1.8	.001	.109
Top 50%	31.8	16.9	.04	0	20	33	40	60	783	.4	.457	.025
Top 10%	33.2	16.8	.07	0	20	33	47	60	801	-1.0	.073	062
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
URI (N = 799)	36.8	13.6	.48	15	25	35	45	60				
New England Public	32.5	14.2	.15	10	20	30	40	60	9,755	4.4	.000	.308
Carnegie Class	33.9	14.6	.06	10	25	35	45	60	823	2.9	.000	.199
NSSE 2015 & 2016	32.4	14.9	.02	10	20	30	40	60	802	4.4	.000	.296
Top 50%	35.8	13.9	.03	15	25	35	45	60	160,635	1.0	.035	.075
Top 10%	37.9	13.7	.07	15	30	40	50	60	36,668	-1.1	.033	077
Discussions with Diverse Othe		15.0	57	15	20	40	<i></i>	CO				
URI (N = 740)	39.7	15.3	.56	15	30	40	55 55	60	0.504	4	000	00-
New England Public	39.6	15.9	.18	15	30	40	55	60	8,584	.1	.882	.006
Carnegie Class	40.7	16.2	.07	15	30	40	60	60	763	-1.0	.081	062
NSSE 2015 & 2016	41.3	16.1	.03	15	30	40	60	60	743	-1.7	.004	102
Top 50%	43.3	15.9	.04	15	35	45	60	60	745	-3.6	.000	227
Top 10%	45.1	15.8	.07	20	35	50	60	60	761	-5.4	.000	341

Experiences with Faculty



Detailed Statistics^a University of Rhode Island

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mean statistics			Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores		Comparison results				
									Deg. of Mean			Effect
	Mean	SD b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Student-Faculty Interaction												
URI $(N = 775)$	26.0	14.9	.54	5	15	25	35	55				
New England Public	24.2	16.0	.17	0	10	20	35	55	943	1.9	.001	.118
Carnegie Class	23.6	16.0	.07	0	10	20	35	55	799	2.5	.000	.155
NSSE 2015 & 2016	23.5	16.3	.03	0	10	20	35	55	778	2.6	.000	.157
Top 50%	29.6	16.1	.06	5	20	30	40	60	793	-3.5	.000	219
Top 10%	33.0	16.3	.15	5	20	30	45	60	898	-7.0	.000	431
Effective Teaching Practices												
URI $(N = 779)$	37.4	11.8	.42	16	28	40	44	60				
New England Public	39.5	13.6	.15	16	32	40	48	60	975	-2.2	.000	161
Carnegie Class	39.5	13.8	.06	16	32	40	52	60	808	-2.1	.000	155
NSSE 2015 & 2016	40.3	13.9	.02	16	32	40	52	60	783	-2.9	.000	212
Top 50%	42.7	13.7	.04	20	32	44	56	60	793	-5.4	.000	391
Top 10%	44.5	13.4	.09	20	36	44	56	60	843	-7.1	.000	535
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
URI $(N = 719)$	38.9	10.7	.40	20	32	40	48	55				
New England Public	40.8	11.8	.13	20	34	42	50	60	890	-1.9	.000	164
Carnegie Class	41.8	11.8	.05	20	34	43	50	60	744	-2.8	.000	241
NSSE 2015 & 2016	42.6	12.0	.02	20	36	44	52	60	723	-3.7	.000	305
Top 50%	45.3	11.5	.04	24	40	48	54	60	102,779	-6.4	.000	558
Top 10%	46.9	11.9	.07	24	40	50	56	60	758	-8.0	.000	673
Supportive Environment												
URI $(N = 713)$	30.9	12.7	.48	10	23	30	40	53				
New England Public	32.4	13.8	.16	10	23	33	40	58	882	-1.6	.002	114
Carnegie Class	32.9	14.0	.06	10	23	33	43	60	737	-2.1	.000	147
NSSE 2015 & 2016	32.9	14.4	.03	10	23	33	43	60	716	-2.1	.000	143
Top 50%	35.7	13.9	.04	13	25	35	45	60	723	-4.9	.000	349
Top 10%	38.1	13.9	.09	15	28	40	48	60	768	-7.2	.000	521

 $a. \ Results \ weighted \ by \ institution-reported \ sex \ and \ enrollment \ status \ (and \ institutional \ size \ for \ comparison \ groups).$

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b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean \pm 1.96 x SEM) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the *t*-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.