# GENERAL INFORMATION

# A0. Respondent Information (Not for Publication)

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	Are your responses to the CDS posted for reference on your institution's W	
		http://www.uri.edu/ir
	if yes, prease provide the ORE of the corresponding web page	http://www.urr.edu/ir
Δ1	Address Information	
111.	Name of College or University	University of Rhode Island
	Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country	
	Street Address (if different), City/State/Zip/Country	
	Main Phone Number	
	WWW Home Page Address	*
	Admissions Phone Number	
	Admissions Toll-free Number	
	Admissions Office Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country	. Undergrad Admissions Office
		14 Upper College Rd,
		Kingston, RI 02881
	Admissions Fax Number	
	Admissions E-mail Address	
	Is there a separate URL application site on the Internet? If so, please specifi	
	is there a separate order approximentation site on the internet. If so, prease speeding	j. <u>intp://www.arm.oda/administrons/</u>
A2.	Source of institutional control (check one only)	
	□ Public	
	Private (nonprofit)	
	☐ Proprietary	
A3.	Classify your undergraduate institution:	
	☐ Coeducational college	
	Men's college	
	Women's college	
	_ women a conege	
A4.	Academic year calendar	
	•	
	Semester ☐ 4-1-4	
	Quarter Continuous	
	☐ Trimester ☐ Differs by program (describe):	
	Other (describe):	
A5.	Degrees offered by your institution	
	☐ Certificate ☐ Postbachelor's certificate	
	☐ Diploma	
	Associate Post-master's certificate	
	Transfer Doctoral	
	Terminal First professional	
	Bachelor's First professional certificate	

# **B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE**

**B1. Institutional Enrollment**—Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2007.

	FULL-TIME		PART-TIME	
	Men	Women	Men	Women
Undergraduates				
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	1,271	1,722	14	20
Other first-year, degree- seeking	554	535	68	75
All other degree-seeking	2,967	3,745	492	805
Total degree-seeking	4,792	6,002	574	900
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	32	35	103	78
Total undergraduates	4,824	6,037	677	978
First-professional				
First-time, first-professional students	32	54	0	0
All other first-professionals	201	281	0	2
Total first-professional	233	335	0	2
Graduate				
Degree-seeking, first-time	130	220	74	126
All other degree-seeking	230	351	258	499
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	18	38	253	367
Total graduate	378	609	585	992

Total all undergraduates: 12,516

Total all graduate and professional students: 3,134

GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS: 15,650

**B2.** Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2007. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns.

	Degree-seeking First-time First year	Degree-seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non- degree-seeking)
Nonresident aliens	7	42	43
Black, non-Hispanic			
	114	598	604
American Indian or Alaska Native	22	56	56
Asian or Pacific Islander	73	289	293
Hispanic	153	593	597
White, non-Hispanic			
	2,187	8,892	9,002
Race/ethnicity unknown	471	1,798	1,921
Total	3,027	12,268	12,516

#### Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2006, to June 30, 2007.

Certificate/diploma

Associate degrees

Bachelor's degrees2,008Postbachelor's certificates $\frac{1}{556}$ Master's degrees $\frac{5}{5}$ 

Post-master's certificates

Doctoral degrees 85
First professional degrees 85
First professional certificates

### **Graduation Rates**

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2007 Web-based survey.

#### For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the fall 2001 cohort if available. If fall 2001 cohort data are not available, provide data for the fall 2000 cohort.

### Fall 2000 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2000. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 2000.

**B4.** Initial 2000 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students: 2,186

### Fall 2001 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2001. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 2001.

**B4.** Initial 2001 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students: 2,069

- **B5.** Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: N/A
- **B6.** Final 2000 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: 2,186

(Subtract question B5 from question B4)

- **B7.** Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2004): 869
- **B8**. Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2004 and by August 31, 2005): 321
- **B9.** Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2005 and by August 31, 2006): 53
- **B10**. Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9): 1,243
- **B11.** Six-year graduation rate for 2000 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6): 57 %

- **B5.** Of the initial 2001 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: N/A
- **B6.** Final 2001 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: 2,069

(Subtract question B5 from question B4)

- **B7.** Of the initial 2001 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2005): 791
- **B8**. Of the initial 2001 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2005 and by August 31, 2006): 352
- **B9.** Of the initial 2001 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2006 and by August 31, 2007): 47
- **B10**. Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9): 1,190
- **B11.** Six-year graduation rate for 2001 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6): 58 %

#### **Retention Rates**

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2006 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

**B22.** For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in fall 2006 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in fall 2007? 81 %

# C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

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Αþ	рис	ation	15

C1.	<b>First-time, first-year (freshman) students:</b> Provide the number of degree-seeking, applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in fall 2007. Include early de who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only thos requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applica of one of the following actions: admission, non-admission, placement on waiting list, applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who admission.	cision, early action, and students se students who fulfilled the tions) and who have been notified or application withdrawn (by
	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	<u>5,797</u>
	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	<u>8,475</u>
	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	4,452
	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	<u>6,848</u>
	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	1,341
	Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	<u>14</u>
	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	<u>1,814</u>
	Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	<u>20</u>
C2.	Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but we contingent on space availability)  Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list? Yes No If yes, please answer the questions below for fall 2007 admissions:  Number of qualified applicants offered a place on waiting list NA Number accepting a place on the waiting list NA Number of wait-listed students admitted NA	hose final admission was
Is y	our waiting list ranked? NO  If yes, do you release that information to students?  Do you release that information to school counselors?	
	mission Requirements  High school completion requirement  Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion requirement for a  ☐ High school diploma is required and GED is accepted  ☐ High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted  ☐ High school diploma or equivalent is not required	degree-seeking entering students:
C4.	Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory prog  ☐ Require ☐ Recommend ☐ Neither require nor recommend	ram for degree-seeking students?

C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units Required	Units Recommended
Total academic units	18	
English	4	
Mathematics	3	
Science	2	
Of these, units that must be lab	1	
Foreign language	2	
Social studies	2	
History		
Academic electives	5	
Computer Science		
Visual/Performing Arts		
Other (specify)		

-	•	•	$\alpha$	
Ro	CIC	tor	- A	lection

Basis for Selection
C6. Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, chec which applies: NO
Open admission policy as described above for all students Open admission policy as described above for most students, but selective admission for out-of-state students
selective admission to some programs other (explain)

C7. Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in your first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

	Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
Academic Rigor of secondary school record Class rank Academic GPA Standardized test scores Application Essay Recommendation				
Nonacademic Interview Extracurricular activities Talent/ability Character/personal qualities First generation Alumni/ae relation Geographical residence State residency Religious officiation/commitment				
Religious affiliation/commitment Racial/ethnic status Volunteer work Work experience Level of applicant's interest				

# **SAT and ACT Policies**

C8	. Entrance exams						
Α.	A. Does your institution make use of SAT, ACT, or SAT Subject Test scores in <b>admission</b> decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants? 🖂 Yes 🔲 No						-year,
	res, place check marks in the appro II 2009.	priate boxes	below to reflect	your institution's	policies for use ir	admission for	
		Require	Recommend	ADMISSION Require for	Consider If	Not Used	
	SAT or ACT ACT only SAT only SAT and SAT Subject Tests or ACT			Some	Submitted		
	SAT Subject Tests						
<mark>fall</mark> adr	If your institution will make use of 2009, please indicate which ONE nissions process):	of the follov					
<u></u>	ACT with Writing component red ACT with Writing component red ACT with or without Writing con	ommended.	epted				
C. 1	Please indicate how your institution	will use the	e SAT or ACT es	say component; c	heck all that apply	y.	
	For admission For placement For advising In place of an application essay As a validity check on the application essay No college policy as of now						
D.	In addition, does your institution us  yes no	se applicants	' test scores for a	cademic advising	?		
E. F.	E. Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission Feb 1  Latest date by which SAT Subject Test scores must be received for fall-term admission  E. If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students):					are	
G.	Please indicate which tests your	nstitution us	ses for placement	t (e.g., state tests)	):		
	SAT ACT SAT Subject Tests AP CLEP Institutional Exam State Exam (specify):						

### Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 2007, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9. Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 2007 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa.

The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

Percent submitting SAT scores
Percent submitting ACT scores

96%
14%
Number submitting SAT scores
401

	25th Percentile	75th Percentile
SAT Critical Reading	<mark>490</mark>	<mark>590</mark>
SAT Math	<b>500</b>	<mark>600</mark>
SAT Writing		
SAT Essay		
ACT Composite		
ACT Math		
ACT English		
ACT Writing		

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT Critical Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing
700-800	2%	4%	
600-699	24%	24%	
500-599	44%	47%	
400-499	29%	24%	
300-399	1%	1%	
200-299	0%	0%	
	100%	100%	100%

	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36	NA	NA	NA
24-29	NA	NA	NA
18-23	NA	NA	NA
12-17	NA	NA	NA
6-11	NA	NA	NA
Below 6	NA	NA	NA
	100%	100%	100%

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first each of the following ranges (report information).				
Percent in top tenth of high school graduating of Percent in top quarter of high school graduating Percent in top half of high school graduating classes are percent in bottom half of high school graduating Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman)	g class dass dass dating class	NA	op half + bottom hal nigh school class ran	
C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, for point averages within each of the following refrom whom you collected high school GPA.				
Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74 Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49 Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	NA NA NA NA			
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99 Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	<u>NA</u> <u>NA</u>			
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99 Percent who had GPA below 1.0	NA NA 100%			
C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seek 3.12	ing, first-1	time, first-year	r (freshman) studei	nts who submitted GPA:
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman)	students w	who submitted h	nigh school GPA: N	Í <u>A</u>
Admission Policies				
C13. Application fee				
Does your institution have an application fee? Amount of application fee: \$50	10	∑ Yes	□ No	
Can it be waived for applicants with financial n	leed?	⊠Yes	□ No	
If you have an application fee and an on-line app Same fee: Free: Reduced:	lication o <sub>l</sub>	ption, please ir	ndicate policy for st	rudents who apply on-line:
Can on-line application fee be waived for applica	nts with f	inancial need?	YES	
C14. Application closing date				
Does your institution have an application closing Application closing date (fall): Feb 1 Priority date:	ng date?	⊠ Yes	□ No	
C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted to	for terms	other than the	fall? Xes No	0
C16. Notification to applicants of admission decis	sion sent ()	fill in one only)		
On a rolling basis beginning (date): Dec 1  By (date): Mar 31  Other:	v	,		

C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)
Must reply by (date): May 1  No set date:  Must reply by May 1 or within 2 weeks if notified thereafter  Other:
Deadline for housing deposit (MMDD): May 1  Amount of housing deposit: \$100  Refundable if student does not enroll?  Yes, in full  Yes, in part  No
C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission?  Yes No If yes, maximum period of postponement:
C19. Early admission of high school students: Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation? ✓ Yes ☐ No
C20. Common Application: Question removed from CDS. (Initiated during 2006-2007 cycle)
Early Decision and Early Action Plans
C21. Early decision: Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment?  \Bigsi Yes \Bigsi No
If "yes," please complete the following:
First or only early decision plan closing date  First or only early decision plan notification date
Other early decision plan closing date Other early decision plan notification date
For the Fall 2007 entering class:
Number of early decision applications received by your institution  Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan
Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:
C22. Early action: Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?  ☑ Yes ☐ No  If "yes," please complete the following:
Early action closing date  Early action notification date  12/15  1/31
Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?
☐ Yes

Fall	Applicants								
D1.	<ol> <li>Does your institution enroll transfer students?          \( \subseteq \text{ Yes } \subseteq \text{ No} \)         (If no, please skip to Section E)         If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities?        \( \subseteq \text{ Yes } \subseteq \text{ No} \)     </li> </ol>								
D2.	Provide the 1 2007.	number of stude	nts who applied, were	e admitted, and enro	lled as degree-seek	ing transfer students	in <mark>fall</mark>		
		Applicants	Admitted Applica	nts Enrolled Ap	plicants				
	Men	778	505	298					
	Women	864	563	307					
	Total	1642	1068	605					
	Application for Admission  D3. Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:  ☐ Fall ☐ Winter ☐ Spring ☐ Summer								
	Yes If yes, what	No is the minimum	re a minimum number number of credits and fransfer students to a	d the unit of measur	e? 24 credits, 2.50		shman?		
			Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not req		

	Required	Recommended	Recommended	Required of	Not required
	of All	of All	of Some	Some	
High school transcript	$\boxtimes$				
College transcript(s)	$\boxtimes$				
Essay or personal statement	$\boxtimes$				
Interview					
Standardized test scores					
Statement of good standing	$\boxtimes$				
from prior institution(s)					

D6.	. If a minimum high school grade p	oint average is required	of transfer applicants,	specify
	(on a 4.0 scale):			

- **D7**. If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale): 2.5
- **D8**. List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:

  <u>Admission to certain majors requires higher GPA or specific pre-requisite courses.</u>

**D9.** List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority Date	Closing Date	<b>Notification Date</b>	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall	May 1				
Winter					
Spring	<u>Nov 1</u>				
Summer					

<b>D10.</b> Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students? ☐ Yes ☒ No
D11. Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:
Transfer Credit Policies
<b>D12.</b> Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit: $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$
D13. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution:  Number 60 Unit type Credits
D14. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution:  Number 60 Unit type Credits
D15. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:
D16. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree: Minimum 50% of degree requirements and all senior courses
<b>D17.</b> Describe other transfer credit policies:

Joint Admission Agreement (JAA) with the Community College of Rhode Island (CCRI)

# E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1. Special study options: Identify those programs a	vailable at your instituti	on. Refer to the glossary for	or definitions.
	<ul> <li>➢ Honors program</li> <li>➢ Independent study</li> <li>➢ Internships</li> <li>☐ Liberal arts/career</li> <li>☐ Student-designed</li> <li>➢ Study abroad</li> <li>➢ Teacher certificati</li> <li>☐ Weekend college</li> </ul>	combination major	
E3. Areas in which all or most students are require	ed to complete some co	urse work prior to gradu	ation:
<ul><li>☐ Computer literacy</li><li>☒ English (including composition)</li><li>☒ Foreign languages</li></ul>	Humanities Mathematics Philosophy Sciences (biological or Social science		raries Survey is in
place.	et marur y uneu ugum v	nen u new reducinie En	raries survey is in
F.	STUDENT LIFE		
F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) 2007 who fit the following categories:	students and all degre	ee-seeking undergraduate First-time, first-year	es enrolled in <mark>fall</mark> Undergraduates
		(freshman) students	e nuergradauve
Percent who are from out of state (exclude interna	ntional/nonresident	<b>710</b> /	200/
aliens from the numerator and denominator)		<u>51%</u>	39%
Percent of men who join fraternities		9%	12% 150/
Percent of women who join sororities	a CC:1: a4a d la acceira a	8%	15% 450/
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -	-ammated nousing	93%	45% 550/
Percent who live off campus or commute Percent of students age 25 and older		7% 0%	55%
Average age of full-time students		$\frac{0\%}{18}$	11% 20
Average age of full-time students  Average age of all students (full- and part-time)		18	<u>20</u> 21
riverage age of an students (run- and part-time)		10	<u> 4 1</u>

F2.	Activities offered Identify thos	se programs availa	ble at your ins	stitution.	
	<ul> <li></li></ul>	□ Literary mag     □ Marching bas     □ Model UN     □ Music ensem     □ Musical thea     □ Opera	nd Notes Note Notes Note	Radio station Student government Student newspaper Student-run film society Symphony orchestra Television station Yearbook	
F3.	ROTC (program offered in coo	operation with Res	erve Officers'	' Training Corps)	
	Naval ROTC is offered:				_
FΛ				liated housing available for undergraduat	—
Г4.	institution.	mege-owned, -ope	rated, or -arm	nated housing available for undergraduat	es at your
	<ul> <li>Coed dorms</li> <li>Men's dorms</li> <li>Women's dorms</li> <li>Apartments for marrie</li> <li>Apartments for single</li> <li>Other housing options</li> </ul>	ed students  students	Special hous Fraternity/so Cooperative	sing for disabled students sing for international students orority housing e housing mmunities by academic college and pro	ogram_

### G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

Provide 2008-2009 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

Check here if your institution's 2008-2009 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this time and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2008-2009 academic year costs of attendance will be available: 7/1/2008

## Actual Fall 2007 figures are included below

### G1. Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board

List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2008-2009 academic year (30 semester hours or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. **Required fees** include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are **not** included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do **not** include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

	FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES
PRIVATE INSTITUTION		
Tuition:		
PUBLIC INSTITUTION		
Tuition:		
In-district:	\$6,440	\$6,440
In-state (out-of-district):	\$6,440	\$6,440
Regional out-of-state *	\$11,270	\$11,270
Out-of-state:	\$21,294	\$21,294
NONRESIDENT ALIEN:		
Tuition:	\$21,294	\$21,294
REQUIRED FEES:	\$1,744	\$1,744
ROOM AND BOARD:		
(on-campus)	\$8,732	\$8,732
ROOM ONLY:	,	
(on-campus)	\$5,016	\$5,016
BOARD ONLY:		
(on-campus meal plan)	\$3,716	\$3,716

<sup>\*</sup> The New England Regional Student Program allows students from other New England States to enroll in URI programs that are NOT offered in their own states at this reduced rate.

G2. Number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition	12 minimur	m <u>19</u> maximum
G3. Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore, junior, senior)?	Yes	⊠ No
G4. If tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program, describe briefly: _		

# G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Room only:			\$5,243
Board only:		\$1,600	\$2,700
Room and board total (if your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for commuters not living at home):			
Transportation:	\$198 / \$744	\$4,960 / \$6,448	\$1,624 / \$2,170
Other expenses:	\$1,350	\$1,350	\$1,350

# **G6.** Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only):

THE THE PARTY OF T	\$887.00
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	
Out-of-state:	\$887.00
Regional out-of-state*	\$469.00
In-state (out-of-district):	\$268.00
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district:	\$268.00
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	

#### H. FINANCIAL AID

### Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

**Awarded aid:** The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

**Financial aid applicant:** Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

**Indebtedness:** Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

**Institutional scholarships and grants**: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

**Need-based aid:** College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

**Need-based scholarship or grant aid:** Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

**Need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

**Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid:** Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

### Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

**Non-need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

**External scholarships and grants:** Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

### Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2006-2007 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2006-2007 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid column. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

Indicate the academic year ≥ 2007-2008 estimated	for which data are reported for <b>items H1</b> , <b>H2</b> , <b>H2A</b> , and <b>H6</b> below: or $\square$ 2006-2007 final
Which needs-analysis met  Federal methodology Institutional methodol Both FM and IM	· /

	Need-based	Non-need-based
	(Include non-need-based	(Exclude non-need-based
	aid use to meet need.)	aid use to meet need.)
	\$	\$
Scholarships/Grants		
Federal		
	\$8,627,722	\$0
State (i.e., all states, not only the state in		
which your institution is located)	\$3,709,486	\$0
Institutional: Endowed scholarships,		
annual gifts and tuition funded grants,		
awarded by the college, excluding athletic		
aid and tuition waivers (which are		
reported below).	\$29,810,975	\$2,529,213
Scholarships/grants from external sources		
(e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not		
awarded by the college	\$1,589,962	\$249,652
Total Scholarships/Grants		
	\$43,738,145	\$2,778,865
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding		
parent loans)		
	\$48,021,289	\$12,935,785
Federal Work-Study		
	\$911,991	
State and other (e.g., institutional) work-		
study/employment (Note: Excludes		
Federal Work-Study captured above.)		
Total Self-Help		
	\$48,933,280	\$12,935,785
Parent Loans	\$10,021,341	\$5,219,202
Tuition Waivers		
Note: Reporting is optional. Report tuition		
waivers in this row if you choose to report		
them. Do not report tuition waivers	00.055.555	01.652.003
elsewhere.	\$3,076,323	\$1,623,933
Athletic Awards	\$4,826,142	\$75,778

**H2. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid:** List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.** Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2007 cohort)	2,993	10,861	1,655
b)	Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	2,484	9,278	1,245
c)	Number of students in line <b>b</b> who were determined to have financial need	1,931	7,766	1,094
d)	Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid	1,559	5,808	757
e)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	1,559	5,808	648
f)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	1,538	5,669	648
g)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	211	565	23
h)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> whose need was fully met (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	1,279	4,026	390
i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	72.1%	62.8%	44.2%
j)	The average financial aid package of those in line <b>d.</b> Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$ 14,338	\$ 13,343	\$ 7,993
k)	Average need-based scholarship or grant award of those in line e	\$ 7,371	\$ 6,826	\$ 4,224
1)	Average need-based self-help award ( <u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and <u>private alternative loans</u> ) of those in line <b>f</b>	\$ 7,072	\$ 7,243	\$ 4,767
m)	Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line <b>f</b> who were awarded a need-based loan	\$ 7,290	\$ 7,369	\$ 4,803

**H2A.** Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
n)	Number of students in line <b>a</b> who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	187	475	19
o)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line <b>n</b>	\$ 5,924	\$ 5,701	\$ 1,214
p)	Number of students in line <b>a</b> who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	5	35	0
q)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line <b>p</b>	\$ 4,688	\$ 2,165	\$ 0

**Note:** These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5 and H5a.

### Include:

- \* 2007 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2006 and June 30, 2007 who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2006 and June 30, 2007.
- \* only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
- co-signed loans.

#### Exclude:

- \* those who transferred in.
- \* money borrowed at other institutions.

H4. Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through any loan programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. 64%

H4a. Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through federal loan programs--Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans. 60%

H5. Report the average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedness of those in line H4. \$ 21,125

H5a. Report the average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedness through federal loan programs--Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. These are listed in line H4a. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and exclude parent loans.

\$ 18,600

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

acauciiii	ic year checked in item 111.)
If ir und	al dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:
<b>H7.</b> Che	eck off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:
	Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE International Student's Financial Aid Application International Student's Certification of Finances Other:

## **Process for First-Year/Freshman Students**

H8. Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:
FAFSA Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE State aid form Noncustodial PROFILE Business/Farm Supplement Other:
H9. Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:
Priority date for filing required financial aid forms: 3/1  Deadline for filing required financial aid forms:  No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis):

H10	H10. Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):			
	a.) Students notified on or about (date):			
	b.) Students notified on a rolling basis: <b>YES</b> If yes, starting date: <u>3/31</u>			
H11.	Indicate reply dates:			
	Students must reply by (date): <u>5/1</u> or within weeks of notification.			
Тур	es of Aid Available			
Pleas	se check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:			
H12	. Loans			
$\boxtimes$	FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN) Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans Direct PLUS Loans			
	FEDERAL FAMILY EDUCATION LOAN PROGRAM (FFEL) FFEL Subsidized Stafford Loans FFEL Unsubsidized Stafford Loans FFEL PLUS Loans			
	Federal Perkins Loans Federal Nursing Loans State Loans College/university loans from institutional funds Other (specify):			
H13.	H13. Scholarships and Grants			
	NEED-BASED: Federal Pell SEOG State scholarships/grants Private scholarships College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds United Negro College Fund Federal Nursing Scholarship Other (specify):			

H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

Non-need	Need-based		Non-need	Need-based	
		Academics			Leadership
$\boxtimes$		Alumni affiliation		$\boxtimes$	Minority status
		Art		$\boxtimes$	Music/drama
		Athletics			Religious affiliation
		Job skills			State/district residency
		ROTC			

### I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I-1. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for fall 2007. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or predoctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(C) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

*Part-time instructional faculty:* Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instruction faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

*Minority faculty*: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaskan native; Asian or Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

*Doctorate*: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration.

*First-professional*: includes the fields of dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), law (JD) and theological professions (MDiv, MHL).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

	Full-time	Part-time	Total
a.) Total number of instructional faculty	704	28	732
b.) Total number who are members of			
minority groups	94	3	97
c.) Total number who are women	274	17	291
d.) Total number who are men	430	11	441
e.) Total number who are nonresident aliens			
(international)	23	0	23
f.) Total number with doctorate, first			
professional, or other terminal degree	626	17	643
g.) Total number whose highest degree is a			
master's but not a terminal master's	72	12	84
h.) Total number whose highest degree is a			
bachelor's	4	0	4
i.) Total number whose highest degree is			
unknown or other (Note: Items f, g, h,			
and i must sum up to item a.)	0	0	0
j.) Total number in stand-alone			
graduate/professional programs in which			
faculty teach virtually only graduate-level			
students	NA	NA	NA

NOTE: DATA DO **NOT** INCLUDE PER COURESE INTRUCTORS!

## I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the fall 2007 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Student to Faculty ratio: 14.8 to 1 (based on full academic year 2008-2009 data of 343,652 credits and 816.9 faculty FTE).

NOTE: URI Students to Faculty Ratio = credits/30/facultyFTE.

The number has been updated based on the latest and most accurate information we have.

### I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the fall 2007 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in fall 2007. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

### Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

**Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)** 

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Lotal
CLASS SECTIONS	181	506	636	344	110	90	59	1,926
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB-	07	260	110	7	1	0	2	406

# J. Disciplinary areas of DEGREES CONFERRED

## Degrees conferred between July 1, 2006 and June 30, 2007

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2<sup>nd</sup> major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1<sup>st</sup> majors only.

Category	Diploma/ Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2000 Categories to Include
Agriculture			2.3%	1
Natural resources/environmental				3
science			2.4%	
Architecture			0.7%	4
Area and ethnic studies			0.2%	5
Communications/journalism			11.7%	9
Communication technologies				10
Computer and information				11
sciences			0.8%	
Personal and culinary services			5.0%	12
Education			8.0%	13
Engineering			7.2%	14
Engineering technologies				15
Foreign languages and literature			1.5%	16
Family and consumer sciences			3.7%	19
Law/legal studies				22
English			2.9%	23
Liberal arts/general studies			0.2%	24
Library science				25
Biological/life sciences			5.1%	26
Mathematics			0.9%	27
Military science and technologies				29
Interdisciplinary studies				30
Parks and recreation				31
Philosophy and religious studies			0.6%	38
Theology and religious vocations			***************************************	39
Physical sciences			1.4%	40
Science technologies			2,1,7	41
Psychology			6.5%	42
Security and protective services			0.070	43
Public administration and social				44
services				
Social sciences			6.7%	45
Construction trades			0.770	46
Mechanic and repair technologies				47
Precision production				48
Transportation and materials				49
moving				.,
Visual and performing arts			3.9%	50
Health professions and related			3.570	51
sciences			8.2%	

Business/marketing			18.3%	52
History			1.8%	54
Other				
TOTAL	100%	100%	100.0%	

#### **Common Data Set Definitions**

- ♦ All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- Items preceded by an asterisk (\*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.
- \*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

**Accelerated program:** Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

**Admitted student:** Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

\*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

**Applicant (first-time, first year):** An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

**Application fee:** That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

**Asian or Pacific Islander:** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

**Bachelor's degree:** An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

**Board (charges):** Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

**Books and supplies (costs):** Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

**Campus Ministry:** Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

\*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

**Carnegie units:** One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Class rank:** The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

**College-preparatory program:** Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

**Common Application:** The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

\*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

**Commuter:** A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

**Continuous basis (for program enrollment):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

**Cooperative education program:** A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

**Cooperative housing:** College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

\*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

**Credit:** Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit course:** A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit hour:** A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Cross-registration:** A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

**Deferred admission:** The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

**Degree:** An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

**Degree-seeking students:** Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

**Differs by program (calendar system):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the

program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Distance learning:** An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

**Doctoral degree:** The highest award a student can earn for graduate study. The doctoral degree classification includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and the Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology. For the Doctor of Public Health degree, the prior degree is generally earned in the closely related field of medicine or in sanitary engineering.

**Double major:** Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

**Dual enrollment:** A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

**Early action plan:** An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

**Early admission:** A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

**Early decision plan:** A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

**Exchange student program-domestic:** Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

**External degree program:** A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

**Extracurricular activities (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

**First professional certificate (postdegree):** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study designed for persons who have completed the first professional degree. Examples could be refresher courses or additional units of study in a specialty or subspecialty.

**First professional degree:** An award in one of the following fields: Chiropractic (DC, DCM), dentistry (DDS, DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), rabbinical and Talmudic studies (MHL, Rav), Pharmacy (BPharm, PharmD), podiatry (PodD, DP, DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), law (LLB, JD), divinity/ministry (BD, MDiv).

**First-time student:** A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

**First-time**, **first-year** (**freshman**) **student**: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

**First-year student:** A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

\*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

**Full-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

**Geographical residence (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

**Grade-point average (academic high school GPA):** The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

**Graduate student:** A student who holds a bachelor's or first professional degree, or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

\*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

**High school diploma or recognized equivalent:** A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

**Hispanic:** A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

**Honors program:** Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

**Independent study:** Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

**In-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

**International student group:** Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

**Internship:** Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

\*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

\*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

**Liberal arts/career combination:** Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

**Master's degree:** An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of at least the full-time equivalent of one but not more than two academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree.

**Minority affiliation (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

\*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

**Model United Nations:** A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

**Nonresident alien:** A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

\*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

**Open admission:** Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

**Other expenses (costs):** Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

**Out-of-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

**Part-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

\*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

**Post-baccalaureate certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

**Post-master's certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

**Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma:** Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

**Private institution:** An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

**Private for-profit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

**Private nonprofit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

**Public institution:** An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

**Quarter calendar system:** A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

**Race/ethnicity:** Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

**Race/ethnicity unknown:** Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

**Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor):** Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

- \*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.
- \*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

**Required fees:** Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

**Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen:** A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

**Room and board (charges)—on campus:** Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

**Secondary school record (as admission factor):** Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

**Semester calendar system:** A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

**Student-designed major:** A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

**Study abroad:** Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

\*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

**Talent/ability (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

**Teacher certification program:** Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

**Transfer applicant:** An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

**Transfer student:** A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

**Transportation (costs):** Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

**Trimester calendar system:** An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

**Tuition:** Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

\*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

**Undergraduate:** A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

\*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

\*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

**Volunteer work (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

\*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

### **Financial Aid Definitions**

**External scholarships and grants:** Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits any one of the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

**Indebtedness:** Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

**Institutional scholarships and grants**: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

**Need-based aid:** College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

**Need-based scholarship or grant aid:** Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

**Need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

**Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid:** Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

#### Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

**Non-need-based self-help aid:** Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.