Planning for Sea Level Rise and Storm Surge to Protect Coastal Municipalities and Ecosystems



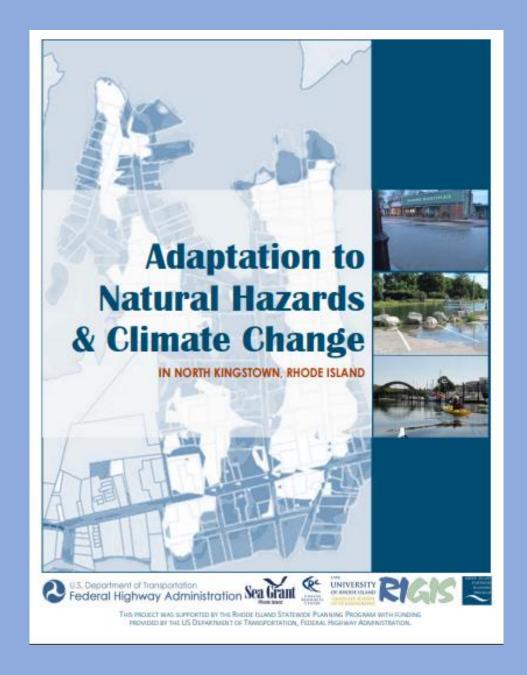
Buyouts

• Summer project overview



Summer Project

- Information gathering
- Summarized the plans/reports
 - Deliverables:
 - Summaries of resources
 - A 2-3 page overview of information gathering
 - Presentation to start discussion



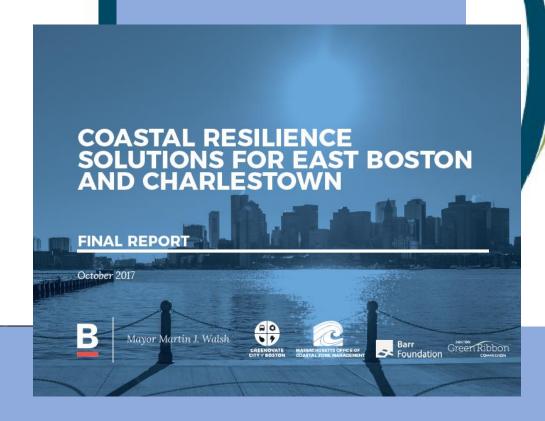
Coastal Climate Change Vulnerability Assessment And Adaptation Plan

City of Gloucester, MA June 29, 2015









Climate Change Vulnerability, Risk Assessment and Adaptation Study

Town of Hingham, MA June 29, 2015









RE inves

CITY REPORT 2015

NORFOLK

Milan * New York City * Quito Melbourne * Rome * Thessaloniki Rotterdam * Athens * Paris Dakar * Juarez * Boston Dallas * Vejle * Norfolk, Virginia Medellín * Bangkok * Rio de Janeiro * Barcelona * Los Angeles Rome * Chicago * Da Nang New Orleans * Kigali * Huangshi New Orleans * Kigali * Huangshi Singapore * Lisbon * Mexico City Cali * Santiago de los Caballeros _ondon * El Paso * Bangalore Surat * Jacksonville * San Juan City * St. Louis * Toyama * Byblos Arusha * Christchurch <u>*</u> Tulsa Fe * Berkeley * Boulder

NORFOLKVISION2100

OPPORTUNITY. COLLABORATION. VISION.

Opportunity
The clusters of sea level rise proportunity to transferm Norfolic
a realisest waterfront community

Collaboratio
Collective brutspower drives and

Vision
Norfolk is THE constal community of the fature

Adopted November 22, 2016

WAGGONNER &BALL

- Summer project overview
- Land Use Workshop (Barrington)



Thursday, October 4, 2018 | 7-9 p.m.
Barrington Public Library Gallery Meeting Room

Purpose of the Workshop Series: Identify strategies that will promote long-term adaptive capacity of coastal communities and enhance ecosystem sustainability.

Land Use Workshop Goals:

- 1) Analyze selected sites vulnerable to sea level rise or storm surge in Barrington and Warren;
- Use available on-line tools and explore existing and new land use planning strategies necessary for adapting to changing conditions.

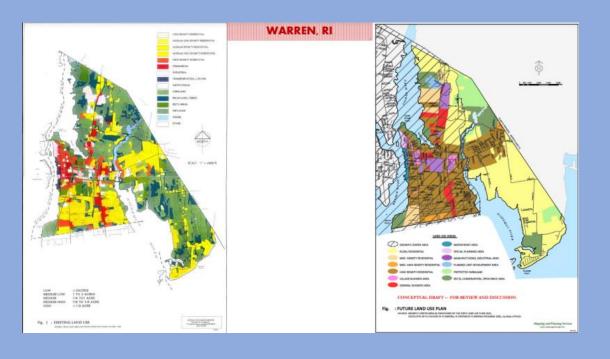
Expected Outcomes:

- ✓ Contribute to a comprehensive consensus-based report to include each town's assets that are most vulnerable;
- Develop a list of adaptation, policy and restoration practices that could be considered, and suggestions on implementation strategies.

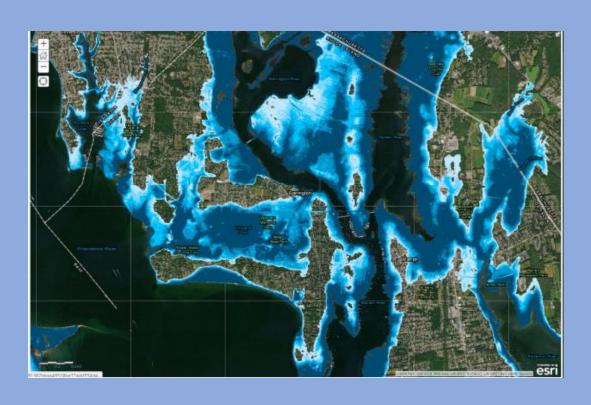
AGENDA

6:30pm	Refreshments and sign-in
7:00pm	Welcome, introductions, and purpose & goals of workshop (Teresa Crean, URI Coastal Resources Center; Charles Roman, URI Coastal Institute; Amber Neville, URI Coastal Institute)
7:15pm	Overview of tools (T. Crean)





- Summer project overview
- Land Use Workshop (Barrington)
- Buyout Meeting (Providence)





- Summer project overview
- Land Use Workshop (Barrington)
- Buyout Meeting (Providence)
- Review buyout programs
 - Deliverables:
 - Synthesis of reports and literature
 - Presentation to start the discussion
 - Acquisition vs Buyout Programs
 - Federal Fund Sources
 - Case Studies
 - Lessons Learned
 - Challenges
 - Next Steps





Acquisition vs Buyout Programs



https://www.hcfcd.org/hurricane-harvey/home-buyout-program/voluntary-home-buyout-testimonials/

Acquisition

- Purchase of private property by government for public use
- No restrictions to a purpose or end use for the property
- Designed to purchase damaged parcels from homeowners who are unwilling or unable to rebuild
- Gives homeowners \$\$\$ to relocate



Acquisition

• Property is then re-sold to a developer

held to strict resiliency guidelines

strict mitigation standards

Maintain similar amounts of housing and local tax base in the

affected community



https://abcnews.go.com/US/jersey-residents-waiting-hurricane-sandy-rebuilding-money/story?id=20371933



https://blogs.ei.columbia.edu/2015/01/21/rebuilding-after-hurricane-sandy,

Buyout

- Subset of acquisition where private lands are purchased
- Existing structures are demolished and land maintained in an undeveloped state for public use
- Assist individual homeowners and improve resiliency of entire communities
- Break the cycle of "flood-rebuild-repeat"



• HUD defined post Sandy – "acquisition of properties located in a floodway or floodplain that is intended to reduce risk from future flooding"

Differences

Table 1. Major distinctions between general acquisition and buyout programs.

	Acquisition	Buyout		
Purpose	Any (often to permit disaster- struck homeowners to relocate and new developers to rebuild)	Permanent removal of built structures; creation of public space and natural buffers		
Price	Post-Disaster price of home under HUD and FEMA rules; Relocation assistance also permitted	Pre- or Post-Disaster price (most often pre-disaster price + incentiv bonus and relocation assistance)		
Rebuilding / Redevelopment	Yes	No – except limited circumstances (e.g. flood structures, parks)		
Eligible for future federal disaster aid	Yes	No		

(Siders, 2013)

Differences

- Program goals and the end use of the acquired parcels
- Buyouts are more effective if they purchase large strips as opposed to individual homes



- Acquisitions can still be effective purchasing individual homes
- Both programs can be either conducted without the consent through eminent domain or voluntarily.
- Acquisition programs can results in restoring land for ecological benefit
- Buyouts add value to communities through the development of open space creating social and economic benefits

Federal Funding Sources

• Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) (https://www.fema.gov/)



- Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP)

 (https://www.fema.gov/hazard-mitigation-grant-program)
- Flood Mitigation Assistance Program (FMA) (https://www.fema.gov/flood-mitigation-assistance-grant-program)
- Pre-Disaster Mitigation Program (PDM)
 (https://www.fema.gov/pre-disaster-mitigation-grant-program)
- Repetitive Flood Claims (RFC)
 (https://www.fema.gov/repetitive-flood-claims-program)
- Severe Repetitive Loss (SRL) (https://www.adaptationclearinghouse.org/resources/fema-severe-repetitive-loss-program.html)

Federal Funding Sources

- Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) (https://www.hud.gov/)
 - Community Development Block Grants (CDBG-DR)
 (https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/comm_planning/community
 development/programs)



HMGP

- Primary funding source for large buyout programs (not acquisition programs)
- Only available to communities in a presidentially declared disaster area
- Community must have a FEMA approved Local Mitigation Plan in place to receive funding
- Approved Projects
 - 1) provide a long-term solution to a problem
 - 2) potential savings must be more than the cost to implement project

HMGP

Requirements and conditions:

- Cost-effective measure that will reduce the risk of future flooding
- Properties must be acquired at pre-disaster prices



- Acquired land must be maintained as open public space
- No new structure may be built upon the acquired property
- No future federal disaster assistance funds may be applied for or received for property
- Buyouts must be voluntary

CDBG

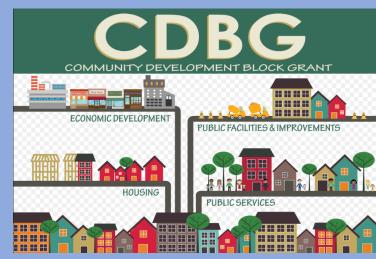
• Provides funding to communities to address a range of development needs

Considers acquisition programs

• Grants are awarded to government agencies not individual

homeowners

Government must submit an action plan



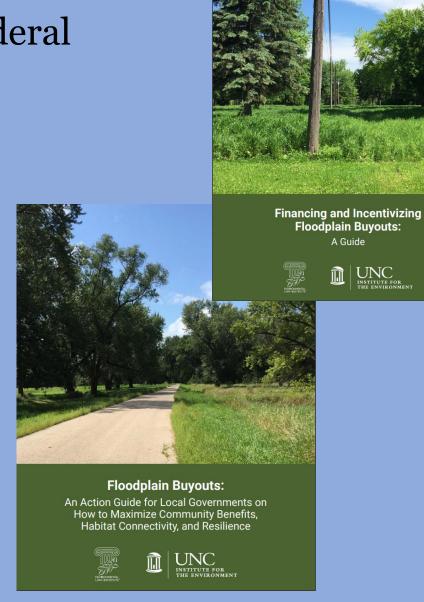
CDGB

- Specific guidelines exist for buyout requirements and redevelopment of acquired properties
 - Benefit persons of low and moderate income
 - Aid in the prevention or elimination of "slums or blight"
 - Meet urgent community development needs due to existing conditions posing a threat to the health and welfare of the community
- Either pre or post-storm values can be used as long as they are consistent throughout the program

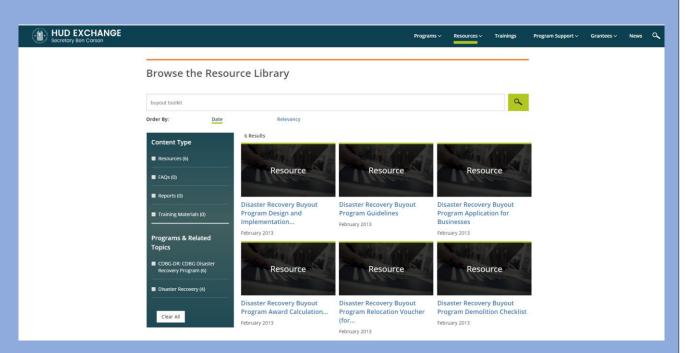


Local Funding Sources

- Some states and communities leverage federal funding with state and local grants
- There are guides that identify grants throughout the country
 - https://www.eli.org/research-report/actionguide-floodplain-buyouts
 - https://www.eli.org/sites/default/files/elipubs/financing-and-incentives-20171221.pdf
 - https://ie.unc.edu/files/2018/11/Buyout-Final-Report.pdf



HUD Exchange Disaster Recovery Buyout Program Design Implementation Toolkit



BUYOUT PROGRAM

Program Overview

Grantees can use CDBG-DR funds to buy properties, both commercial and residential, in a target area with the intent to demolish the structures and create park amenities, open space, or flood storage/overflow areas. Such programs are typically part of a multi-pronged approach to community revitalization that includes relocation of residents and businesses in addition to business development activities. Buyout programs are especially effective in communities that have endured multiple disasters in the same neighborhood in the recent past, or sustained severe damage where there is high risk of additional disasters, such as a 100-year flood plain. These programs can help reduce the impact of future disasters while encouraging targeted revitalization efforts and public spaces.

The typical steps in a Disaster Recovery Buyout Program¹ are illustrated below. Each grantee's program will look slightly differently depending upon local needs, capacity and goals.

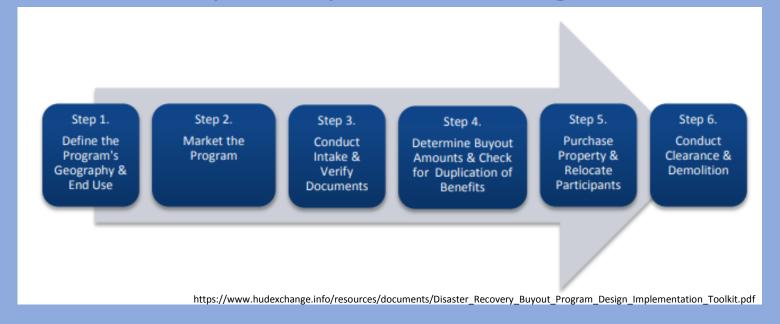


Program Design Considerations

A successful Buyout Program relies on two strong pillars: a well-conceived buyout process and a planned revitalization effort. This document details the steps only for the buyout process, however when designing the buyout process, the grantee must have a firm grasp of the revitalization effort — its goals, priorities, locations and timeframes — so that appropriate incentives can be put in place to encourage buyout participants to resettle in the revitalized areas. This means having clear objectives for the buyout area as well as a plan for resettlement of the buyout participants and the revitalization of other areas that will attract households to stay in the community now and in the future. There must be an area that is appropriate for relocation, with adequate housing and business development opportunities. If such opportunities do not exist, there must be a plan for construction, development, and economic

¹ For an example of a Ruyout Program, see the program description for the Grand Forks Residential Ruyout

Program Design (CDGB) for Disaster Recovery Buyout Program





Resettlement Plan

and business development

Key Design Considerations

- Encourage resettlement
 - Strong marketing and outreach component
- Recognize economic impact on adjacent neighborhoods
 - Depending on the market, could be positive or negative
 - Retain value and remain attractive
- Consider entire built environment
 - Industrial and commercial as well as residential
 - Consider economic development programs for business owners
- Voluntary participation is critical
- CDBG-DR funds must be closed-out
 - Close out on a rolling basis
 - Start when all finds for each program are drawn down, the national objective is met and requirements are complete

Implementation



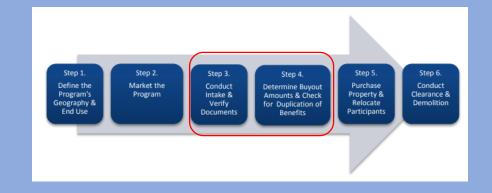
STEP 1: Define the Program's Geography and End Use

- Clear plan for buyout area and resettlement
- Public meetings
- Communicate the end use and develop FAQs

STEP 2: Market the Program

- Actively engage with property owners one-on-one and in groups
- Present benefits and advantages
- Address needs and concerns of residential and non-residential property owners and tenants
- · Business owners as well as residential

Implementation



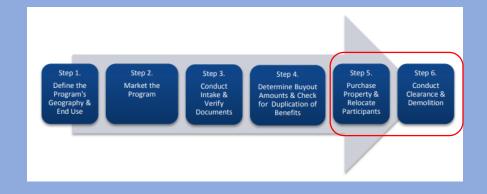
STEP 3: Conduct Intake & Verify Documents

- Collect information and verify ownership providing support
- Phased approach reward those who commit early
- Create dispute resolution process if ownership is in question
- Make application process user friendly and accessible

STEP 4: Determine Buyout Amounts & Check for Duplication of Benefits

- Transparent approach and be clear about amounts
- Buyout determination has to take all factors into account as to not provide windfalls to individual property owners
- Develop a protocol and standard letter for award determination

Implementation



STEP 5: Purchase Property & Relocate Participants

- Persuade participants to stay in the community
- Provide continuum of options allowing participation
- Provide flexibility time to develop a plan (relocation funds, rental assistance, business planning support, financial counseling)
- Develop solid legal documents to protect City/Town rights

STEP 6: Conduct Clearance and Demolition

- Timely and support the end use of the property
- Health and safety codes must be met
- Environmental regulations adhered to (i.e, hazardous materials and/or contamination)
- Salvaging materials should be granted on case-by-case basis



Case Study 1 – Texas (Hurricane Harvey)

• The Harris County Flood Control District (HCFCD) has the largest buyout program in the country in terms of successful acquisitions (3,100 properties, \$342 million).

 Relies on HMGP funding but also uses revenues from HUD's CDBG-DR and FEMA's other mitigation grant programs

• District applies every year for buyout funding regardless of flooding in

azette.com/news/local/billings-dive-team-sees-hurricane-harvey-s

the county that year

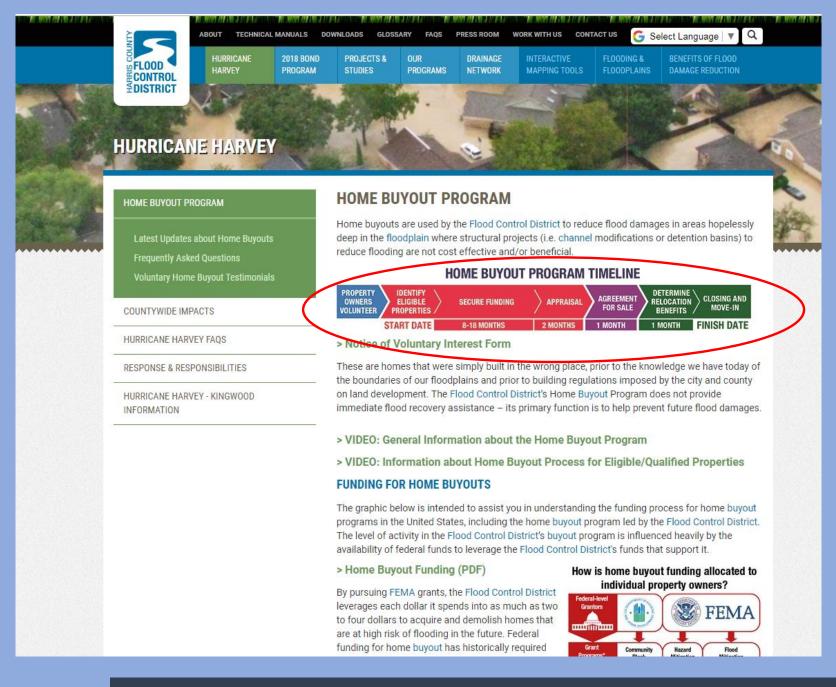
• Recognize need to raise non-federal funds

Case Study 1 – Texas (Hurricane Harvey)



Key ideas:

- Rapid buyouts released County and City of Houston funds to begin the process as soon as possible
- Changes in the County budget may, in the long-term, result in depending mostly on federal support for mitigation strategies as opposed to funds from the Capital Improvement Program.
- Successful planning and implementation of flood detention and greenspace projects where <u>large clusters</u> of buyouts have been completed



Harris County Flood Control District

Home Buyout Program



G Select Language ▼

HARVEY

2018 BOND PROGRAM

PROJECTS & STUDIES

OUR PROGRAMS

DRAINAGE **NETWORK**

MAPPING TOOLS

BENEFITS OF FLOOD DAMAGE REDUCTION

HURRICANE HARVEY

HOME BUYOUT PROGRAM

Latest Updates about Home Buyouts Frequently Asked Questions Voluntary Home Buyout Testimonials

COUNTYWIDE IMPACTS

HURRICANE HARVEY FAQS

RESPONSE & RESPONSIBILITIES

HURRICANE HARVEY - KINGWOOD INFORMATION

HOME BUYOUT PROGRAM

Home buyouts are used by the Flood Control District to reduce flood damages in areas hopelessly deep in the floodplain where structural projects (i.e. channel modifications or detention basins) to reduce flooding are not cost effective and/or beneficial.

HOME BUYOUT PROGRAM TIMELINE

PROPERTY OWNERS VOLUNTEER	IDENTIFY ELIGIBLE PROPERTIES	SECURE FUNDING	APPRAISAL	AGREEMENT FOR SALE	DETERMINE RELOCATION BENEFITS	CLOSING AND MOVE-IN
	START DATE	8-18 MONTHS	2 MONTHS	1 MONTH	1 MONTH	FINISH DATE

> Notice of Voluntary Interest Form

These are homes that were simply built in the wrong place, prior to the knowledge we have today of the boundaries of our floodplains and prior to building regulations imposed by the city and county on land development. The Flood Control District's Home Buyout Program does not provide immediate flood recovery assistance - its primary function is to help prevent future flood damages.

VIDEO: General Information about the Home Buyout Program

VIDEO: Information about Home Buyout Process for Eligible/Qualified Properties

FUNDING FOR HOME BUYOUTS

The graphic below is intended to assist you in understanding the funding process for home buyout programs in the United States, including the home buyout program led by the Flood Control District. The level of activity in the Flood Control District's buyout program is influenced heavily by the availability of federal funds to leverage the Flood Control District's funds that support it.

> Home Buyout Funding (PDF)

By pursuing FEMA grants, the Flood Control District leverages each dollar it spends into as much as two to four dollars to acquire and demolish homes that are at high risk of flooding in the future. Federal funding for home buyout has historically required

How is home buyout funding allocated to individual property owners?



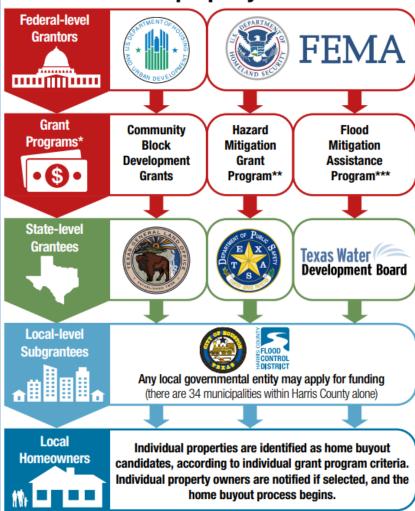


HCFCD Home Buyout Process for Eligible/Qualified Properties

Home Buyout Program



How is home buyout funding allocated to individual property owners?



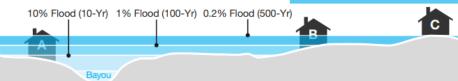
- * Each grant program is associated with its own objectives and eligibility criteria.
- ** The Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) is only available following a Presidential-declared disaster (i.e. Hurricane Harvey).
- *** The Flood Mitigation Assistance Program (FMA) grant uses funds allocated by the NFIP from the proceeds of flood insurance. FMA grants are awarded annually, and the Flood Control District must compete with all other communities nationwide for these grants. These grants are not guaranteed

Flood Control District **Home Buyout Considerations**

BEFORE

The Floodplain and Probability Different flood events have different chances of occurring in any given year in any given location:

- 10-Year Flood: 10% Chance
- 100-Year Flood: 1% Chance
- 500-Year Flood: 0.2% Chance



HOUSE A

Hopelessly deep in the 1% (100-year) floodplain, and floods frequently due to out-of-bank bayou flooding. Structural modifications are not a cost-effective or feasible option for flood damage reduction at this location.

HOME BUYOUT CANDIDATE

HOUSE B

Located partially in the 1% floodplain. Structural modifications would effectively address flooding in this area.

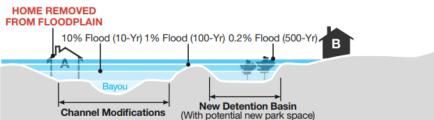
NOT IDEAL CANDIDATE

HOUSE C

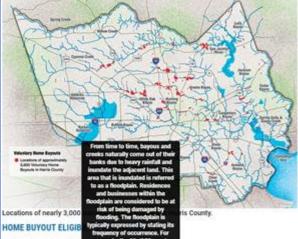
Outside of the floodplain, rarely floods from out-of-banks bayou flooding.

NOT IDEAL CANDIDATE

AFTER



- The family from House A is relocated to higher ground out of harm's way.
- Future flood damages and health and safety risks are eliminated for House A.
- · Repetitive subsidized flood insurance payments and federal disaster assistance are eliminated for House A.
- The floodplain is restored to its natural and beneficial function for stormwater storage
- . Open land available through buyouts allows for further structural improvements and opportunities in alignment with community and natural values.



DISTRICT ELIGIBILITY R

ollowing factors in its evo

equirements, it must be beneficial to ontrol District will consider the given year, whereas the 2% (50-

fiction includes Harris County bayous, any given year. FEMA Flood ou system (riverine flooding). Flooding show the 1% (100-year) and 0.2% now typically fall outside of the Flood

- 2. Location and depth within the floodplain. The property must be located deep within a mapped floodplain and subject to repetitive flooding. As such, structures located closest to bayous and creeks are typically ideal.
- 3. Cost effectiveness as a solution to the property's flooding problem. In shallow floodplains other types of flood reduction projects, such as detention basins or channel modifications may be more beneficial. Buyouts are ideal for structures hopelessly deep in the floodplain.
- 4. Potential for future floodplain preservation and/or flood damage reduction projects. The property must be strategically located for potential or future flood damage reduction projects and/or floodplain preservation.
- 5. Compatibility with community and natural values. Community support for buyout is important. Alternatives may need to be considered if the community is opposed.









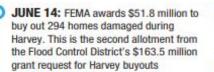


y ove nt Belvieu m gage ng System

ol t FEMA million ary APRIL 12: Flood Control District submits grant application to FEMA Hazard Mitigation Grant Program for voluntary buyout of approx. 1,000 flood-prone homes damaged in Harvey: \$218 million total, including \$163.5 million in federal funding, \$54.5 million in local match

APRIL: Emergency Repairs completed – Buffalo Bayou erosion at Woodstone Street; White Oak Bayou slope failure at Wortham Boulevard MAY 22: Flood Control District assumes maintenance through an interlocal agreement with The Woodland Joint Power Agency of four additional gages for the Flood Warning System for a total of seven gages in The Woodlands area

MAY 22: Flood Control District approved to submit FEMA grant application for \$14.4 million for South Belt Stormwater Detention Basin construction



JUNE 15: Flood Warning System adds new inundation mapping showing current and historical bayou flooding

JUNE 18: De-Silt begins on Bear Creek, part of project to de-silt channels that drain into Addicks Reservoir

JUNE 25: Interim excavation begins at Lauder Stormwater Detention Basin

JUNE 26: Flood Control District approved to submit \$25.7 million FEMA grant application for Little Cypress Creek Frontier Program

JUNE 26: Flood Control District approved to submit \$400,000 federal grant application for Stormwater Tunnel Feasibility Study

JUNE: Emergency Repairs completed – Greens Bayou tributary P127-00-00; Outfall near confluence of Green Bayou tributaries G103-38-01, G103-38-00 JULY 10: Construction Begins on Final Project Brays Channel Segment, South Rice to Fondren

JULY 20, 2018: Flood Control District participates in press briefing with U.S. Sen. John Cornyn and Harris County Judge Ed Emmett to address restarting of the Clear Creek federal project; joined by U.S. Reps. John Culberson and Pete Olson, Texas Rep. Larry Taylor and others.

JULY 31: Harris County Commissioners Court approves final design contracts to complete Hunting Bayou and White Oak Bayou federal projects



AUGUST 14: Flood Control District authorized to accept \$12.6 million Natural Resources Conservation Service grant for approximately \$14 million in countywide Harvey drainage infrastructure repairs

AUGUST 14: Harris County Commissioners Court awards \$7.9 million contract for construction of the Stella Link Bridge extension and Ardmore Street Bridge replacement on Brays Bayou as part of Project Brays

AUGUST 14: Harris County Commissioners Court approves right-of-way acquisition process for Clear Creek federal project

AUGUST 20: Bids due for first three of 15 packages of Harvey drainage infrastructure repair projects as part of \$14 million NRCS partnership project

AUGUST 25: One year anniversary of Hurricane Harvey landfall in Texas

AUGUST 25: Election Day fr billion HCFCD Bond Program

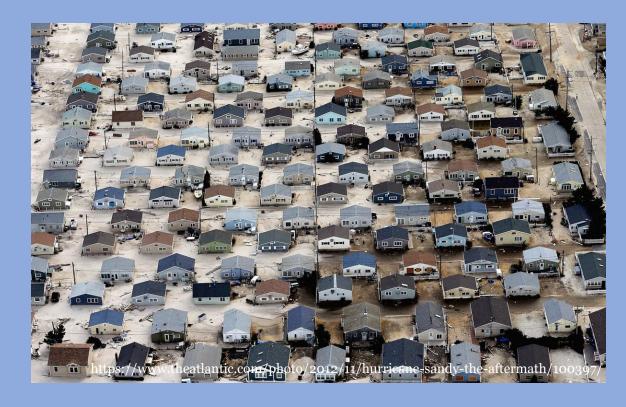


This infographic represents major milestones and activities of the Flood Control District but does not inclur' all activities and accomplishments during this period

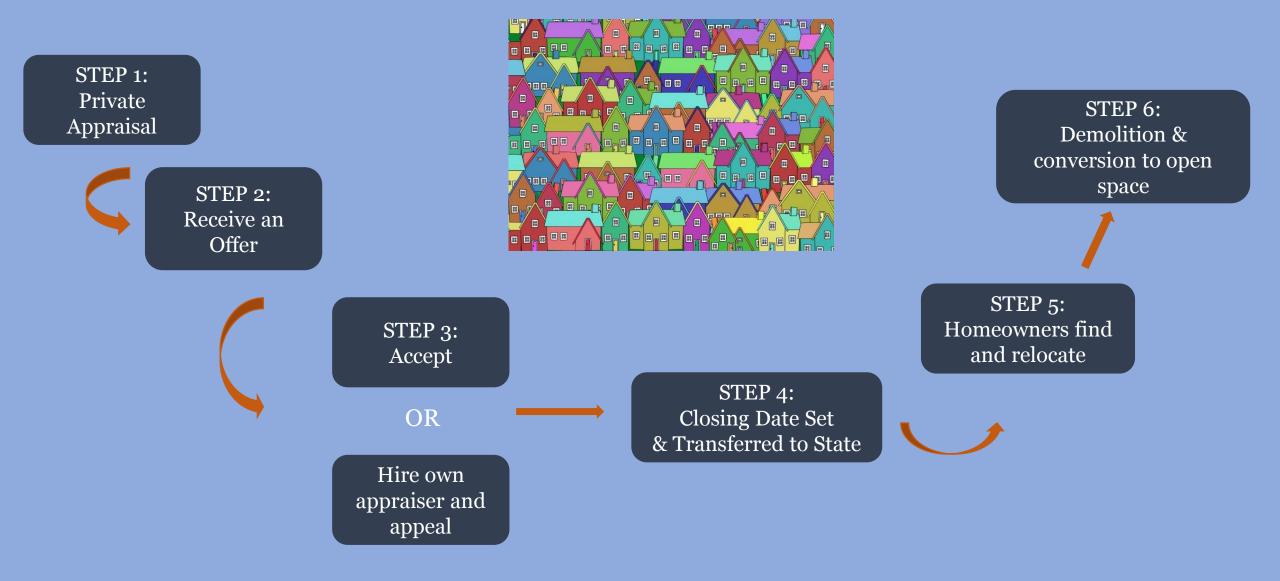


Case Study 2 – New York (Superstorm Sandy)

- Only 10 communities were selected
- Program goals:
 - Transforms portions of coastal flood zones into preservation land
 - Acquires and converts flood prone or damaged property to open space
 - Offered 100% of the home's pre-storm value for "substantially damaged homes" located in the highest risk coastal areas (FEMA "V-Zones") and to damaged homes within the 500 year floodplain
 - Offered financial incentives in "enhanced buyout zones" defined as "areas at highest risk in the floodplains that are determined to be among the most susceptible to future disasters."



Case Study 2 – New York (Superstorm Sandy)



Case Study 2 – New York (Superstorm Sandy)

Lessons Learned

• Financial incentives didn't relieve the financial burden for participants.

- Buyout progressed quickly but left participants "information hungry"
- "Voluntary" was perceived differently by participants



Case Study 2 – New York (Superstorm Sandy)

Recommendations/Suggestions

- Transparency may have reduced confusion and frustration
 - Need more information about the role of implementing agencies
 - Involve local communities in the process (buyouts can be community led)
- An clear and consistent description of the steps (annotated timeline) would help participants to track their progress
- Financial incentives could have been made more effective through pre
 - planning for locating affordable homes in the desired areas
- Increase understanding of the relationship between policy, design, experience and outcomes across a range of buyout programs in all phases



https://newyork.cbslocal.com/2014/04/17/de-blasio-to-announce-big-changes-to-citys-sandy-rebuilding-program/

New York State Governor's Office of Storm Recovery (GOSR) Buyout & Acquisition Programs



Services

News

Government

Local

Q Search

Location

GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF

Programs

Rebuild by Design

News & Resources

Buyout & Acquisition Programs

Q:ls eligibility based on income?

No. Household income documentation is required for federal reporting purposes.

- + Q:ls a property appraisal required?
- + Q:What if I disagree with the appraisal's determination for market value?
- + Q:What if public assessment record information is not correct? (Example: Incorrect number of bedrooms, bathrooms, square footage, etc.)
- + Q:Once the Buyout/Acquisition and closing process is complete, when will I receive my compensation?
- + Q:Who is responsible for the property after the Buyout or Acquisition is completed?

NOTICE OF CHANGE OF USE OF ACG + Q:If I have repaired the home, can I remove items that have been repaired or replaced?

- + Q:Once the Buyout/Acquisition of my property is complete, can I enter the home to collect any personal belongings?
- + Q:Will I need an abstract? What if it was destroyed?

Click he + Q:1'm upside-down on my mortgage, and the Buyout offer amount is not enough to pay off my mortgage.

+ Q:I understand my property will be demolished and the land will be cleared after the Buyout is complete. Who is responsible for

The Housing Recovery Program also manages the State's voluntary **Buyou** the demolition?

- interested homeowners whose homes were substantially damaged or desi + Q:I'm in the process of filing bankruptcy. Can I still participate?
- + Q:Will my Buyout or Acquisition payment be affected by other government funding I've received? Operating in select neighborhoods, the Buyout Program improves the resil
- space, or stormwater management systems, creating a natural coastal buff + Q:Do I still have to pay taxes on my flood-damaged property?
- address those who live in areas that regularly put homes, residents and en + Q:Do purchasers who acquire homes through auction obligated to elevate the homes?
- program were, first and foremost, driven by cooperation of the individual h + Q:What is the timeframe for redevelopment of a home?
- in some cases, direct appeals from the community, thereby representing a + Q:Can purchasers who acquire properties at auction ask for an extension of time to redevelop?
- Properties purchased in the Acquisition Program are redeveloped in a resi + Q:What happens to the property if an auction purchaser does not redevelop within the three-year timeframe?
 - + Q:Are there fees that the purchaser is responsible for and what are the costs?
 - + Q:How long does it take for a release to be recorded?

FAQs

https://stormrecovery.ny.gov/housing/buyout-acquisition-programs

stock in storm-impacted communities.

Case Study 3 – New Jersey (Superstorm Sandy)



New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection administers

Blue Acres Buyout Program since 2013

Key Ideas

- Staff meet and coordinate with homeowners
- Case managers are assigned to individual homeowners to help navigate the process
- Blue Acres partners with local non-profits to provide pro-bono legal and financial services to low-income survivors
- Frequent, easy communication due to proximity to offices
- Teams of experts (appraisers, hazard inspectors, title reviews, GIS analysts, real estate professionals) are colocated, making the BCA process more efficient
- Created a Dashboard Survey that reduces the number of properties that need full review
- Develop digital elevation models (DEMs) saving money and time on the application process
- Homeowners can opt out of the buyout at any time of the process

State of New Jersey Department of Environmental Management Blue Acres Buyout Program



rebuilding a lasting foundation



Landlords & Developers Businesses Communities

Plans & Reports Environmental Review

HOMEOWNERS

- > RREM
- > LMI Homeowners Rebuilding Program

Rental Assistance Program

Sandy Recovery Housing Counseling Program

Blue Acres Buyout Program

Resettlement

Sandy Homebuyer Assistance Program

Sandy-Impacted **Forbearance Certification**

Fraud Prevention

To prevent fraud in Sandy recovery programs, call toll free 1-855-OSC-TIPS.

ReNewJerseyStronger > Homeowners > Blue Acres Buyout Program

Blue Acres Buyout Program

Through the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection's (DEP) Superstorm Sandy Blue Acres Program, the State is spending \$300 million in federal disaster recovery funds to acquire approximately 1,000 properties in tidal areas affected by Sandy and another 300 properties in other towns that have flooded repeatedly. The program gives willing sellers the option to sell Sandydamaged homes at pre-storm value in flood-prone areas.

The State is seeking clusters of homes or whole neighborhoods that were flooded in Superstorm Sandy. Once acquired by the State, these homes will be demolished and the land will be permanently preserved as open space, accessible to the public, for recreation or conservation. The preserved land will serve as natural buffers against future storms and floods.

The goal of the Blue Acres Program, which has historically served as part of DEP's Green Acres Program that purchases floodprone properties, is to dramatically reduce the risk of future catastrophic flood damage and to help families to move out of harm's way. The Superstorm Sandy Blue Acres program launched in May 2013 and is recognized by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) as a "National Best Practice."

For more information on the Blue Acres Program, please visit Blue Acres Floodplain Acquisitions on the DEP website.

State of New Jersey Department of Environmental Management Blue Acres Buyout Program Governor Phil Murphy • Lt.Governor Sheila Oliver





rebuilding a lasting

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Program

Areas

- . Link to Alerts and Updates from NJ Office of Emergency Management
- . Link to Hurricane Sandy Information, including resources and guidance

Blue Acres

Floodplain

Buyouts

OVERVIEW

The Green Acres, Farmland, Blue Acres, and Historic Preservation Bond Act of 2007 authorized \$12 million for acquisition of lands in the floodways of the Delaware River, Passaic River or Raritan River, and their respective tributaries, for recreation and conservation purposes. An additional \$24 million was approved by the voters in the Green Acres, Water Supply and Floodplain Protection, and Farmland and Historic Preservation Bond Act of 2009.

Properties (including structures) that have been damaged by, or may be prone to incurring damage caused by, storms or storm-related flooding, or that may buffer or protect other lands from such damage, are eligible for acquisition.

All Blue Acres acquisitions must be from willing sellers.

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LANDOWNERS

If you are a landowner interested in offering your land for sale to the State under the Blue Acres program, please complete and submit the Blue Acres Offer Application (English) (PDF) or Blue Acres Offer Application (Spanish) (PDF) and submit it to:

State of New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, Green Acres Program Mail Code 501-01 P.O. Box 420 Trenton, NJ 08625-0420

You may wish to review our Frequently Asked Questions (English) or Frequently Asked Questions (Spanish) for more information.

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SURVEYORS

For information about conducting surveys for Blue Acres projects, please see our Blue Acres page on our Green Acres Survey Section site.

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recovery programs, call toll free 1-855-OSC-TIPS

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State of New Jersey Department of Environmental Management Blue Acres Buyout Program

Governor Phil Murphy • Lt.Governor Sheila Oliver

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ntal Review Transparency

GREEN ACRES PROGRAM - Preserving & Enhancing New Jersey

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

Forms & Open Sp Program Blue Acres Database **Buyouts**

Blue Acres Flo

OVERVIEW

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

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- . Link to Alerts and Updates from NJ Office of Emergency Management
- Link to <u>Hurricane Sandy Information</u>, including resources and guidan

OVERVIEW

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Boardwalk reconstruction

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SUPERSTORM SANDY INFORMATION

Elevations



- ► FEMA Releases Updated Flood Elevation Maps
- FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Hotline Launched
- Hazard Grant Mitigation Program (HMGP) Elevation Program
- 11/19/2014: New Jersey Consumers Seeking to Hire a Home Elevation Contractor Should Be Aware of New Registration Requirements Intended to Help Prevent Fraud, Unsafe Work 10/29/2014: Lt. Governor Guadagno Marks 1,000th Approva

of Post-sandy Home-elevation Grants

Past Postings and Press Releases

Photo by FEMA/Rosanna

Beach Restoration and Easements



- Shore Protection Easements FAQs (under revision)
- ▶ 11/14/2014: Christie Administration Announces Usace Award of Contract for Key Beach and Dune Reconstruction Project in Cape May County
- 11/10/2014: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Completes Jetty Repair and Resilience Project at Island Beach State Park
- 10/21/2014: Milestones Reached in Christie Administration's Protective Sheet Pile Beach Project in Mantoloking and Brick
- 10/16/2014: State Obtains Bulk of Easements Needed for Shoreline Projects; Efforts to Acquire Remaining Easements
- NJDEP Coastal Engineering-Current Projects
- ▶ Past Postings and Press Releases

Rebuilding/Resilience



- Office of Flood Hazard Risk Reduction Measures Reconstruction Guidance: Land Use Regulation (CAFRA,
- Infrastructure, Houses, Docks, Bulkheads, Marinas, etc.) Demolition Guidance for Local Governments
- 11/5/2014: Christie Administration Announces \$50 Million in Grants Available for Local Storm-resiliency Projects
- Past Postings and Press Releases

Buyout Program



- ► About the Program FAQs
- Blue Acres Application for Sale 4/21/2015: Christie Administration Announces First Superstorm Sandy Blue Acres Buyout in Manville
- 3/18/2015: First Woodbridge Homes
- Demolished in DEP's Blue Acres Program 11/20/2014: Christie Administration Marks 100th Demolition in Sandy Residential Buyout Program
- 10/29/2014: Governor Christie Announces Milestone Purchase of 200th Home as Part of Highly Successful Sandy Blue Acres Buyout
- ► More Buyout Program Information
- ▶ Past Postings and Press Releases

Resources



- ► Governor's Office on Recovery and Rebuilding
- Register to Start Receiving Help Call: 1800-621-FEMA
- DisasterAssistance.gov FEMA Help Line for Individual
- Households 1-800-621-3362
- SBA Disaster Loan Help Line
- 1-800-659-2955 New Jersey County Office of Emergency Management
- Coordinators and Contact Information ► National Flood Insurance Program Contact Information
- National Flood Insurance Program or 1-800-427-4661/1-888-379-9531
- ▶ Mold/Asbestos/Lead Remediation 609-826-4950 or 609-826-4920
- ▶ DEP's 24 Hour Hotline 1-877-WARNDEP

ndy Blue Acres Program, the State is roperties in tidal areas affected by Sandy es willing sellers the option to sell Sandy-

erstorm Sandy. Once acquired by the en space, accessible to the public, for storms and floods.

Acres Program that purchases floodnd to help families to move out of harm's by the Federal Emergency Management

Case study 4 – Charlotte - Mecklenburg

Floodplain Buyout Program

- Leverage local funds (less dependence on federal funds)
 - Local Risk-Based Buyouts Program fully funds acquisitions with Storm Water fees
 - Local contributions
 - "Rainy Day Fund" for acquiring properties quickly
- The 'Ultimate or Future Floodplain" was established (2000)
- Incentivize minimizing impervious surfaces in new development (storm water fees)
- The RetroFIT program supports mitigation efforts
- Reimbursement for conversion to flood-proof homes to 95% non-eligible buyout properties
- Avoided ~\$25 million in losses





Floodplain Acquisition and **Demolition Address List** October 15, 2018

213 Wellingford St.

UPPER LITTLE SUGAR CREEK WATERSHED

HIDDEN VALLEY NEIGHBORHOOD	
223 Mellow Dr.	
224 Mellow Dr.	
4.44 MALINISTER OF	

217 Wellingford St. 228 Wellingford St. 141 Wellingford St. 145 Wellingford St. 229 Wellingford St. 233 Wellingford St. 149 Wellingford St. 201 Wellingford St. 237 Wellingford St.

205 Wellingford St. 240 Wellingford St. 209 Wellingford St. 243 Wellingford St.

BELMONT NEIGHBORHOOD

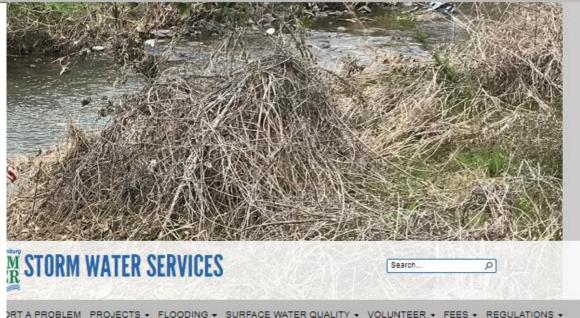
631 East 15th St. 719 Belmont Ave. 705 East 15th St. 725 Belmont Ave. 713 East 15th St. 728 Belmont Ave. 729 Belmont Ave. 717 East 15th St. 1005 Eveningside Dr. 1313 N. Alexander St. 1013 Eveningside Dr. 1319 N. Alexander St. 1017 Eveningside Dr. 1321 N. Alexander St. 1025 Eveningside Dr. 1105 N. Myers St.

CULLMAN AVENUE

IAN AVENUE	
3103 Cullman Ave.	3200 Cullman Ave.
3115 Cullman Ave.	3201 Cullman Ave.
3123 Cullman Ave.	3209 Cullman Ave.
3139 Cullman Ave.	3210 Cullman Ave.
3143 Cullman Ave.	3211 Cullman Ave.
3147 Cullman Ave.	3215 Cullman Ave.
3154 Cullman Ave.	3212 Benard Ave.
3157 Cullman Ave.	240 East 36th St.

MYER

RS PARK MANOR NEIGHBORHOOD	
2832 Westfield Rd.	3220 Westfield Rd.
2836 Westfield Rd.	3224 Westfield Rd.
2900 Westfield Rd.	3228 Westfield Rd.
2906 Westfield Rd.	3232 Westfield Rd.
2910 Westfield Rd.	3236 Westfield Rd.
2914 Westfield Rd.	3240 Westfield Rd.
2920 Westfield Rd.	3243 Westfield Rd.
2926 Westfield Rd.	3244 Westfield Rd.
2932 Westfield Rd.	3248 Westfield Rd.
2936 Westfield Rd.	3252 Westfield Rd.
3000 Westfield Rd.	3253 Westfield Rd.
3014 Westfield Rd.	3300 Westfield Rd.
3020 Westfield Rd.	3304 Westfield Rd.
3026 Westfield Rd.	3308 Westfield Rd.
3032 Westfield Rd.	3312 Westfield Rd.
2020 Montfield Dd	2246 Montfold Dd



narlotte-Mecklenburg Storm Water Services > Flooding > Floodplain



t (Acquisition) Program

t to flood during heavy rains. It's mother nature's way of slowing down water to reduce damage caused by raging rivers. Floodplains also filter storm water oring flood water. However, many communities including Charlotte-Mecklenburg, have developed within the floodplain. The development has put homes, er property in areas meant to flood.

ings in the floodplain is one of the most cost-effective ways to reduce long-term flood damage and create many other community benefits. Floodplain mmunity recreational and open space assets. Over time, the local building stock shifts from older buildings in vulnerable areas, to newer code compliant ile locations within Mecklenburg County.

services has purchased over 400 flood-prone houses, apartment buildings and businesses that were in floodplains throughout Charlotte-Mecklenburg. Over is have moved to less vulnerable locations outside of local floodplains. 185 acres of public open space has been "undeveloped" to allow the floodplain to and provide a long term community asset. Storm Water Services also estimates these buyouts have avoided \$25 million in losses and will ultimately uture losses.

I been voluntary. Owners are not forced to sell. Historically, about 85% of owners who go through the appraisal/offer process, participate in the buyout.

agram were funded exclusively through Federal grants with local matching funding. Currently, the annual investment in buyouts is \$4M and most buyouts are al money. The program also coordinates acquisitions with other public entities to achieve multi-objective goals. Since 1999, the buyout program has invested ldings from the floodplain (43% federal, 2% state, 48% local, 7% other).

purchased through this program. (Updated October 2018)

en for Buyouts

Quotes

• "My goal is to have some plan going forward by the end of this year, whether it's elevation, a buyout or me calling 1-800-we-buy-ugly-homes." (2017.https://features.propublica.org/houston-buyouts/hurricane-harvey-home-buyouts-harris-county/)

- "We're sort of facing down this future where [buyouts] might be less optional and more required." (2017.https://features.propublica.org/houston-buyouts/hurricane-harvey-home-buyouts-harris-county
- "We were never supposed to be there. It never should have been a residential area." (2018.https://www.nrdc.org/experts/rob-moore/title)

Quotes

- "It felt good that no one else is going to be in my spot five years later." (2018.https://www.nrdc.org/experts/rob-moore/title)
- "We've applied for buyouts twice. Haven't heard anything back, we'll see. Honestly, I'm not holding my breath any, but we'll see."

(2018.https://www.houstonpublicmedia.org/articles/news/in-depth/2018/07/16/295696/as-post-harvey-buyout-money-rolls-in-some-have-already-given-up-on-the-program/)

• "That's the problem. Nobody knows nothing. There's nowhere to go to get information."

(2016. https://www.cogitatiopress.com/politicsandgovernance/article/viewFile/738/738)

Lessons Learned

- Buyout programs are most cost effective and get most local support when
 - governments develop new housing in safer areas that keeps bought-out residents nearby and minimizes tax losses in the community
 - focused on a relatively small or tightly clustered community of property owners
- Understanding the programs impact on households and communities is limited but critical to the success of these programs
- Most programs are unique and don't learn from past programs
- Need to start looking at the successes and failures of past programs



Challenges

- Even "successful" buyouts from a numbers perspective often hide deeper problems
- Limited funding
- Competing priorities
- Strict criteria that place buyouts out of reach of willing participants common complaint is uncertainty over their likelihood of being selected
- Slow pace
 - Puts owners in limbo
 - Creates opportunity for developers to flip homes making the problem worse



"How Hurricane Sandy became steroids for Jersey Shore development"



Key Words for Success

- Assistance and Guidance
- Fair
- Money
- Transparency
- Community







Next steps

- Reaction vs Pro-action
- Survey/Interview planners, community members
- Look for resources already out there (i.e, Disaster Recovery Buyout Program Toolkit)
- Start working with communities and homeowners public forums, transparency
- Create a plan and prioritize properties to acquire
- Locate areas for redevelopment
- Develop a draft Buyout Program





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