

# Responding to Climate Change -- focus on Warren, RI --

## Welcome and Introductions

Kate Michaud (Town of Warren)

## Sea Level Rise and Storms

Charles Roman (URI Coastal Institute)

## Tools to Assess Coastal Risk

Teresa Crean (URI Coastal Resources Center  
and RI SeaGrant)

## Climate Policies

Janet Freedman (RI CRMC)

## Adaptation

Wenley Ferguson (Save The Bay)



# A Forum for Evaluating Adaptation Practices

- Explore adaptation strategies to address sea-level, storm surge, and flooding
- Broad collaboration with partners
- Synthesize and fill information gaps
- Outreach and education



# Climate Response Demonstration Sites

-- representing RI coastal settings and land use types --



COASTAL INSTITUTE CLIMATE RESPONSE  
DEMONSTRATION SITES



NATURAL AREAS  
NAPATREE POINT  
CONSERVATION AREA

## *Natural Areas*

- undeveloped
- ecological values
- recreational values



COASTAL INSTITUTE CLIMATE RESPONSE  
DEMONSTRATION SITES



MIXED USE  
Barrington and Warren

## *Mixed-Use Areas*

- town centers
- historic heritage
- mixed land use
- natural areas, open space



COASTAL INSTITUTE CLIMATE RESPONSE  
DEMONSTRATION SITES



URBAN AREAS  
PORT OF  
PROVIDENCE

## *Urban Areas*

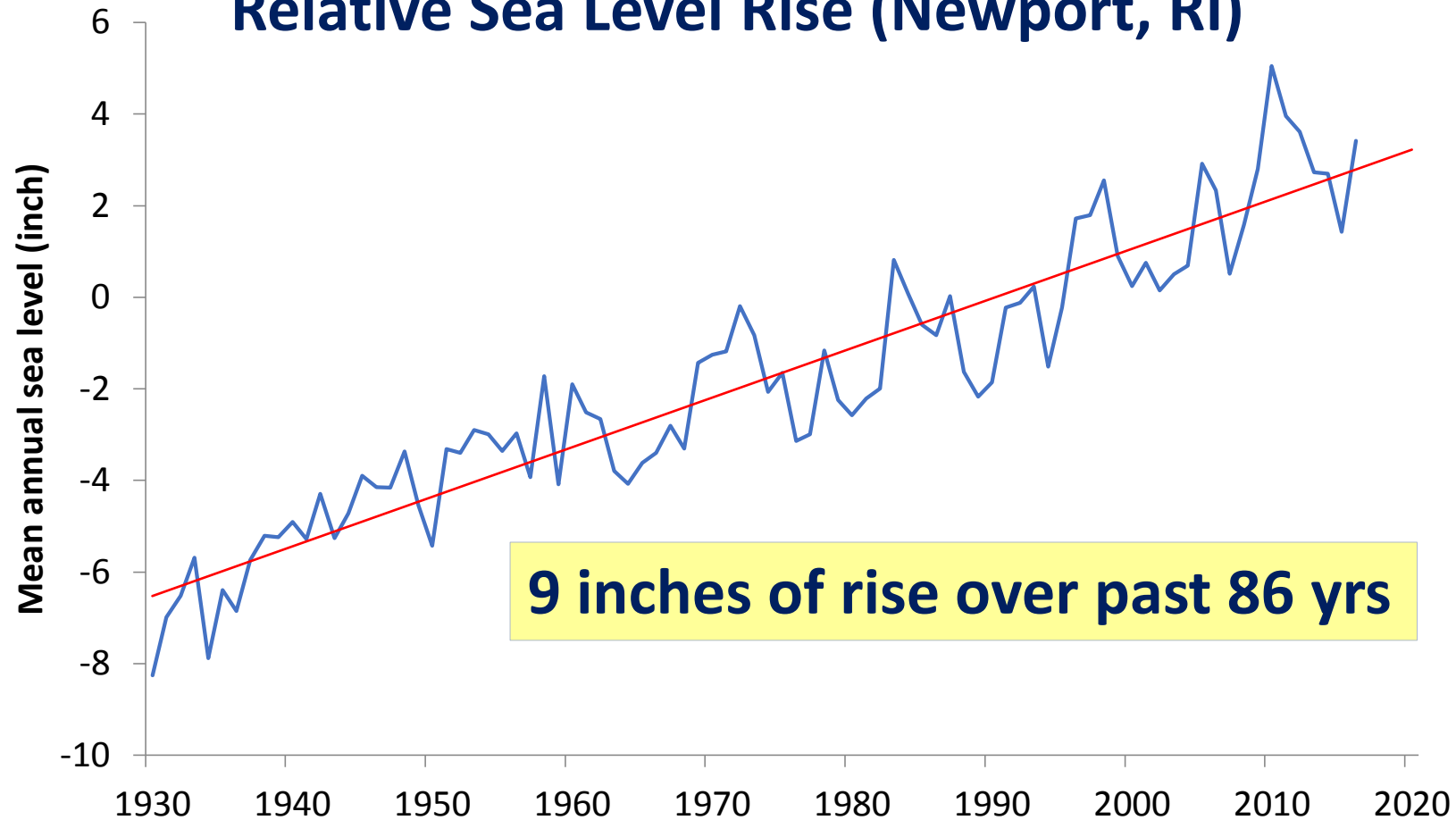
- industrial/commercial
- economic significance
- urban parks



# Sea Level Rise and Storm Surge



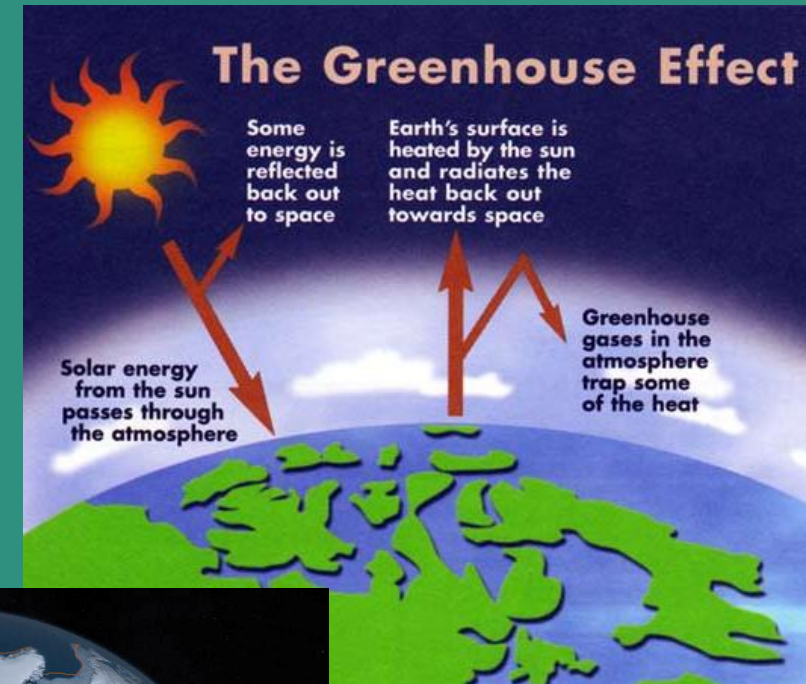
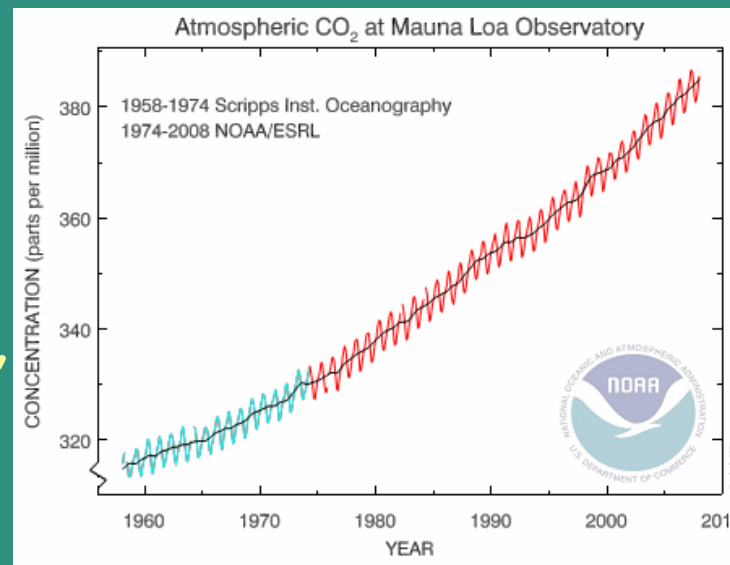
## Relative Sea Level Rise (Newport, RI)



Data Source: <https://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/waterlevels.html?id=8452660>

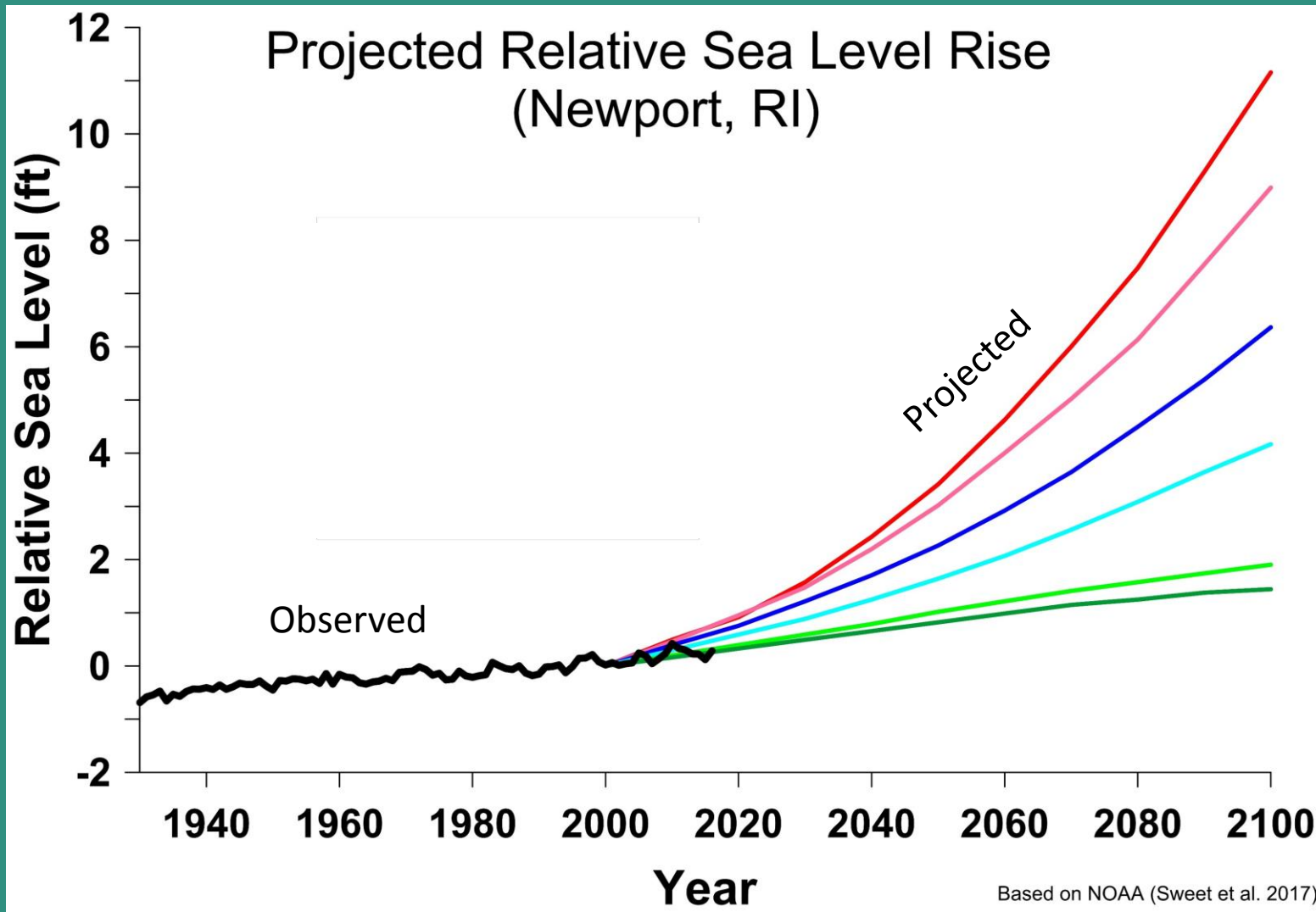
# Why is Sea-Level Rise Projected to Accelerate?

- Increase greenhouse gases, increase temperature, thermal expansion of oceans
- Melting of polar ice, including Greenland and Antarctica ice sheets
- Changing ocean circulation



Courtesy: [www.greenenergynetwork.org](http://www.greenenergynetwork.org)



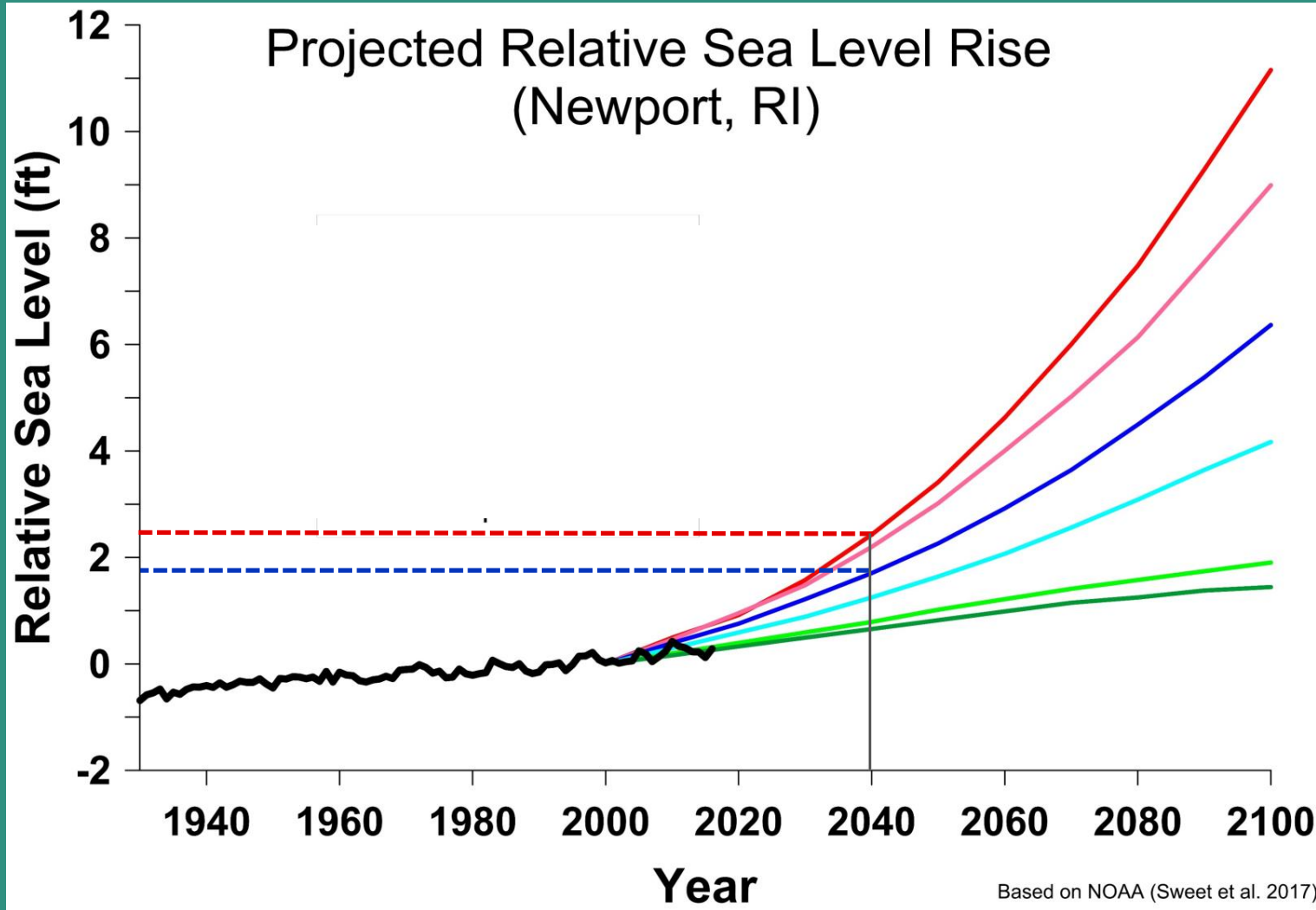


Based on projected future greenhouse gas emissions

- Low - Aggressive reductions
- High - Business as usual

Could be 9 ft or more of sea level rise by 2100 (82 yrs)

# Projected Rise in Sea Level



22 yrs from now  
(2040)

- Low 10" rise
- Mid 1' 11"
- High 2' 7"

52 years (2070)

- Low 1' 7" rise
- Mid 4' 2"
- High 6' 4"



# Increased Intensity of Storms and Storm Surge



Source: National Weather Service. [http://www.weather.gov/okx/Hurricane Sandy](http://www.weather.gov/okx/Hurricane%20Sandy)





# 1938 Hurricane



Conimicut Point



Weybosset St.



# Salt Marsh Loss



Vegetation Loss over the Past 40 years (1972 - 2011)

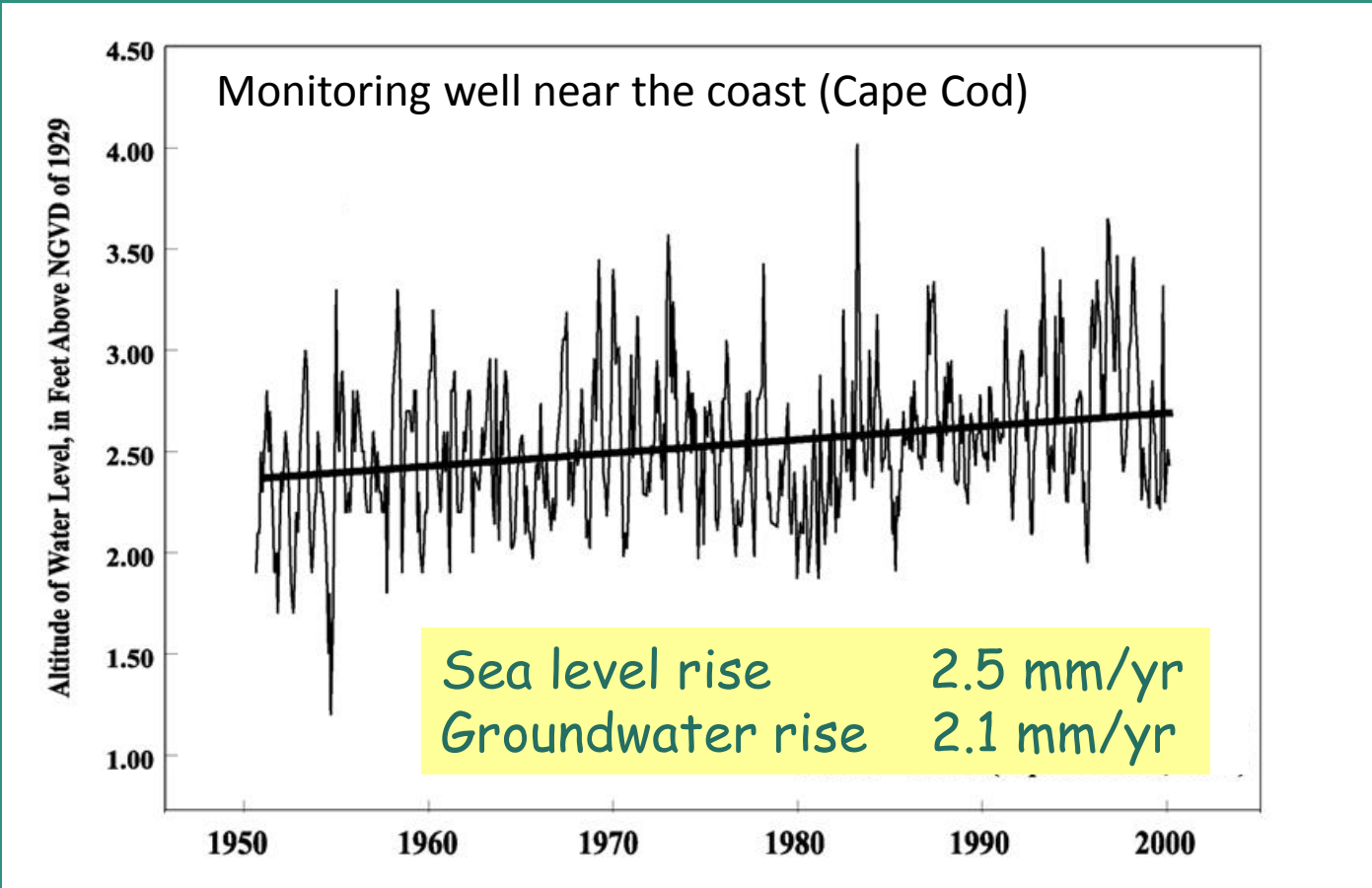
Source: Watson et al. (2017)

- **Hundred Acre Cove: 22% loss**
- **Palmer River: 19% loss**

**Will marshes be sustainable with greater rates of sea level rise?**



# Groundwater Response to Sea Level Rise



Source: McCobb and Weiskel 2003 (USGS)

The future with 6 ft rise of sea level (New Hampshire, Knott et al. 2017)

- groundwater could respond at a distance of 2-3 miles from the coast
- Consider impacts to;
  - basements
  - septic systems
  - road integrity
  - underground utilities
  - natural resources