Global Aquaculture Program

Restorative Aquaculture for nature and people

Robert Jones | Global Lead, Aquaculture





#### Who We Are

The Nature Conservancy is a global environmental nonprofit working to create a world where people and nature can thrive.



#### Major Aquaculture Initiatives Underway at TNC





**RESTORATIVE SEAWEED INITIATIVE** 





#### CATALYTIC FINANCE

#### GLOBAL SCIENCE AND TOOLS



#### Global Aquacùlture Team

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- Process and co-authors
- Objectives
- Revised definition
- Environmental Benefits
- Principles
- Roadmaps
- Case Studies

Report available now: www.nature.org/aquaculture

## WORKING GROUPS

Two parallel working groups were held between January to June 2021 to refine the definition, principles, and roadmaps:

- China Society of Fisheries & Global Working Group
- Global working groups with coauthors from 12 organizations, including government, financial institution, university, environmental non-profits

#### SUGGESTED CITATION

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"Restorative aquaculture occurs when commercial or subsistence aquaculture provides direct ecological benefits to the environment, with the potential to generate net positive environmental outcomes."

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AVOIDING, MINIMISING direct negative environmental impacts of aquaculture MITIGATING environmental impacts through monitoring and appropriate responses

**REDUCED IMPACTS** 

IMPLEMENTING practices to achieve positive environmental outcomes

Inhill

PROVIDING direct environmental benefits

ACCRUING BENEFITS for a net positive ecosystem outcome

ECOLOGICALLY SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

**RESTORATIVE AQUACULTURE** 



### **ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS** of Restorative Aquaculture Farms



Principle 1: Farms are sited where environmental benefits can be generated

Principle 2: Culture species that can provide the intended environmental benefits intended

Principle 3: Prioritize farming equipment that enhances the delivery of environmental benefits

Principle 4: Adopt farming management practices that can enhance local ecological environmental benefits

Principle 5: Strive to farm at an intensity and scale of culture that can enhance ecosystem outcomes

Principle 6: Recognize the social and economic value of the environmental benefits provided

### **Global Principles of Restorative Aquaculture**





### Roadmap for Water Quality Benefits

Does this aquaculture operation improve water quality?



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### Roadmap for Habitat Benefits

Does this aquaculture operation improve habitat and fish stocks?









Filter-feeding Fish Aquaculture China Oyster Aquaculture Chesapeake Bay, USA Seaweed Aquaculture Belize

# **Case Studies**



#### The value of water quality improvements in mariculture



	Nitrogen remov	al by area	Nitrogen removal by harvest volume			
Taxon	kg ha <sup>-1</sup> yr <sup>-1</sup>	USD ha <sup>-1</sup> yr <sup>-1</sup>	n	kg t <sub>FW</sub> <sup>-1</sup>	USD t <sub>FW</sub> <sup>-1</sup>	n
Clam	107 (-3-477)	3452 (-99– 15410)	7	11 (4–29)	128 (368–937)	6
Mussel	581 (275–1172)	18,756 (8900– 37865)	12	13 (8–21)	245 (416–690)	11
Oyster	314 (150–612)	10,147 (4854– 19781)	22	25 (16–39)	505 (801–1255)	23
Scallop	52 <sup>a</sup>	1670	0	4.2 <sup>a</sup>	136	0
Seaweed	275 (96–678)	8889 (3084– 21886)	8	3.8 (2.6– 5.4)	84 (124–175)	34

Barrett, *et al.* (2022) <u>Sustainable growth of non-fed aquaculture can generate valuable ecosystem benefits</u>. *Ecosystem Services*. 53: 101396

#### Habitat Value of Shellfish and Seaweed Aquaculture

Barrett, *et al.* (2022) <u>Sustainable growth of non-fed aquaculture can generate</u> valuable ecosystem benefits. *Ecosystem Services*. 53: 101396

#### Table 4

Descriptive statistics for effects of aquaculture habitat on local production of targeted fish species. Values are for assemblages, i.e. the net effect across all targeted species effectively sampled by a study (minimum 2 species per study for inclusion). Values are presented as means and bootstrapped 95% confidence intervals (both weighted by the number of species effectively sampled). Additional population density can take negative values if aquaculture is associated with lower population density. Values are aggregated regardless of reference habitat (structured or unstructured). Clam and scallop aquaculture are data-deficient for habitat value.

Farmed taxa	n	Relative abundance (lnRR) <sup>a</sup>	Additional production (total kg ha <sup>-1</sup> yr <sup>-1</sup> ) <sup>b</sup>	Additional production (landable individuals ha <sup>-1</sup> yr <sup>-1</sup> ) <sup>b</sup>	Additional production (landable kg ha <sup>-1</sup> yr <sup>-1</sup> ) <sup>b</sup>	Recreational value (USD ha <sup>-1</sup> yr <sup>-1</sup> ) <sup>be</sup>	Commercial value ex- vessel (USD ha <sup>-1</sup> yr <sup>-1</sup> ) <sup>bc</sup>
Oysters	12	0.86 (0.36-1.37)	1147 (172–2346)	456 (34–1066)	1110 (158-2237)	2848 (476-6603)	2504 (180-5290)
Mussels	5	0.53 (-0.08-1.12)	363 (59-764)	244 (34-478)	348 (57-741)	1919 (336-4125)	997 (139-2042)
Seaweeds	7	0.69 (0.25-1.22)	529 (-144-2452)	680 (60-2129)	494 (-158-2339)	1087 (143-3454)	972 (-538-4994)

### LAUNCHING AND EXECUTING THE SOAR PROGRAM

A WIN-WIN FOR PEOPLE AND NATURE DURING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC





C Ayla Fox

### Impact on Oyster Aquaculture in US



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# SOAR Collaboration



# Oyster Purchase Program

# **Conservation Impact**

**3.5+ million** oysters purchased



**450+ jobs** sustained

**~40 acres** of oyster reef supported

**25 restoration** sites



Phase 2: Fall 2020 -Winter 2021





# Economic Impact

Approximate gross revenue from oysters (sales) in 2019





**\$13,000** average purchase price

**1/4** of annual revenue supported for nearly half of farmers

**2/3** reported "very beneficial" to sustaining their businesses

# SOAR Shellfish Growers Resiliency Fund

# The Steering Committee

Aaron Kornbluth, Officer, Conserving Marine Life in the U.S., The Pew Charitable Trusts Bill Walton, Extension Specialist & Associate Professor, Auburn University Shellfish Laboratory Bob Rheault, Executive Director, East Coast Shellfish Growers Association Boze Hancock, Senior Marine Habitat Restoration Scientist, The Nature Conservancy Christina Popolizio, SOAR Program Coordinator, The Nature Conservancy (*Coordinator*) Chuck Weirich, Aquaculture Manager, National Sea Grant Office, NOAA Danielle Blacklock, Director, Office of Aquaculture, NOAA Gary Fleener, Ecologist, Hog Island Oyster Company Jan Surface, National Water Quality Specialist/Aquatic Ecologist, USDA NRCS Laura Brown, Owner and Operative, Fox Point Oysters Margaret Pilaro, Executive Director, Pacific Coast Shellfish Growers Association Mark Rath, Aquaculture Manager, National Sea Grant Office, NOAA Robert Jones, Global Lead, Aquaculture, The Nature Conservancy (*Chair*) Robinson (Wally) Fulweiler, Associate Professor, Departments of Earth & Environment and Biology, Boston University

Sandy Zeiner, Shellfish Policy Analyst, Northwest Indian Fisheries Commission

# The Priorities

### Small Award

- Farmer engagement in shellfish restoration, marine conservation, or broader environmental outcomes
- Efficient farming operations
- Product marketing to increase demand
- New products and species
- Diversity, equity, and inclusion in the shellfish aquaculture industry

### Large Award

- Advancing payments for ecosystem services
- Long-term markets for restoration
- Product marketing to increase demand
- New products and species
- Supporting infrastructure and services
- Regulation of shellfish aquaculture

#### SMALL AWARD 28 projects

#### LARGE AWARD 8 projects