

ADVANCE

University of Rhode Island

Promoting Climate Change: A Model for Advancing Women in Science

Barbara Silver & Leanne Mariello

*Presented at the
Association for Women in Psychology 2005 Conference
Tampa, Florida February 26, 2005*

National Science Foundation Institutional Transformation Award SBE-0245039



Women are . . .

- 22% of science & engineering workforce
- < 20% of S&E faculty in 4-year institutions
- 2% of S&E faculty if minority

At URI, women are . . .

- 16% (N=37) of full-time, ranked STEM faculty

2



Research shows:

- Fewer interactions/collaborations with faculty
- Lower salaries
- Fewer resources
- Heavier teaching loads
- Less mentoring
- Less job satisfaction
- More work/life conflicts
- Reports of isolation, alienation, exclusion

4

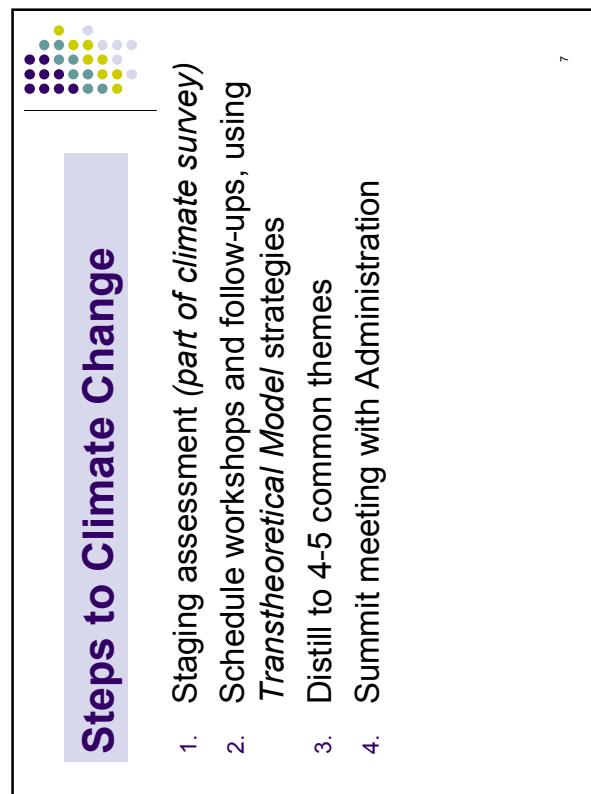
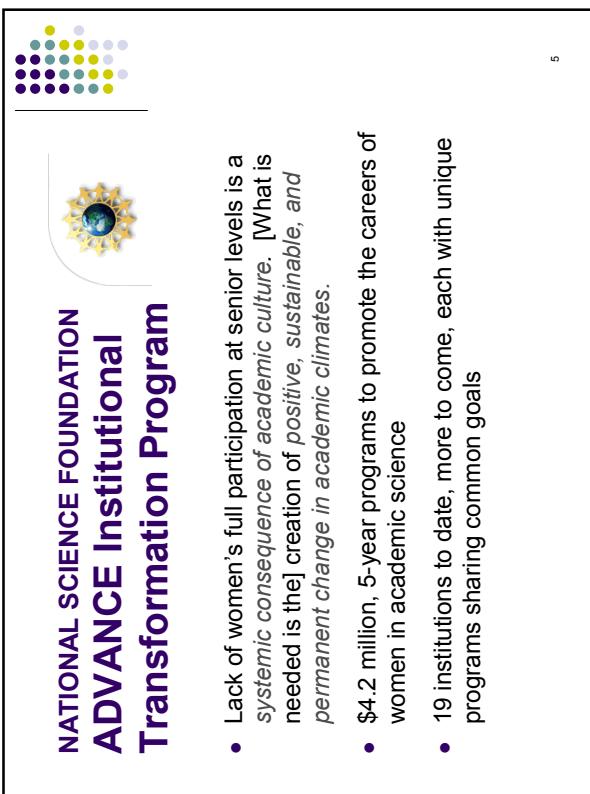
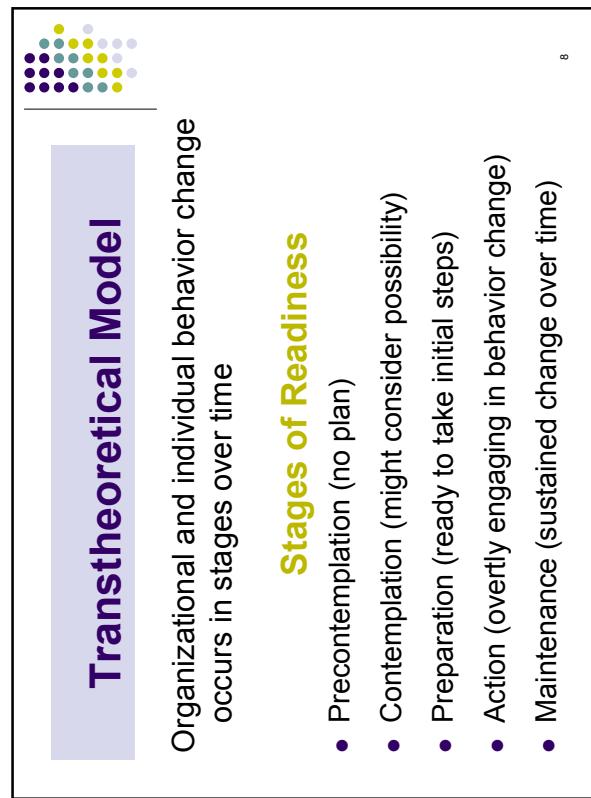
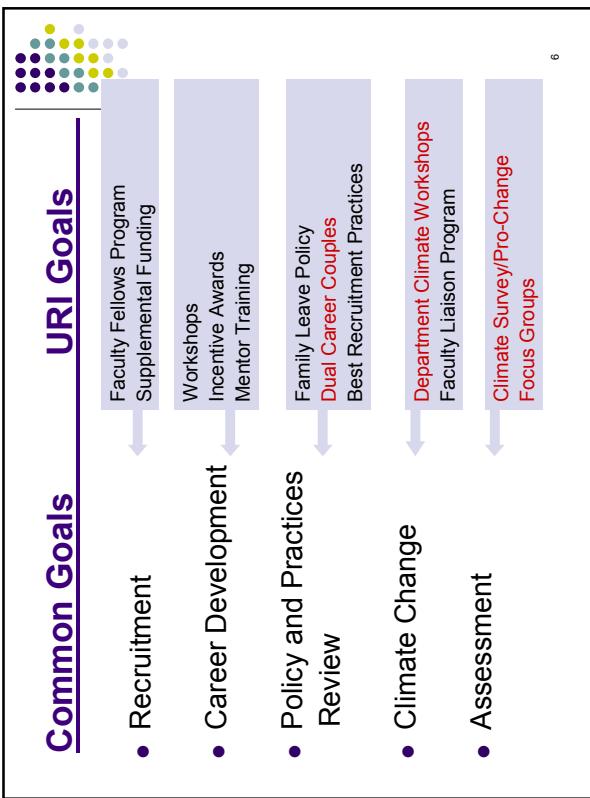


Why aren't there more women in science?

- Pipeline problem (*not enough women entering fields*)
- Child care problem (*cannot find adequate time*)
- Values problem (*unwilling to focus solely on career*)
- Acculturation problem (*lack knowledge about how to succeed*)
- Gender schemas (*stereotypes about appropriate roles*)
- Accumulation of disadvantage (*minor setbacks & acts of subtle discrimination add up over time*)

As summarized by Virginia Valian, PhD, Psychologist at CUNY Hunter College, and author of *Why So Slow: The Advancement of Women*

3



Principles of the TTM

- **Decisional Balance**
 - Change more likely when the perceived advantages of change outweigh perceived disadvantages (pros vs. cons)
- **Self-Efficacy**
 - Change more likely when there is greater perceived ability to engage in specific behavior successfully
- **Processes of Change**
 - Movement through stages facilitated by 10 cognitive and behavioral strategies

9

4 Key Behaviors

- **Creating Opportunities for Collaboration**
 - Introducing new women faculty to other faculty on and off campus
 - Inviting women faculty to collaborate on projects
 - Facilitating students to work with women faculty
- **Enhancing Competency through Mentoring**
 - Teaching about funding mechanisms
 - Explaining the communication channels and network structure of university offices
 - Offering guidance on how to publish

10



4 Key Behaviors

- **Providing Resources for Doing Research**
 - Sharing data sets
 - Sharing equipment facilities
 - Writing women faculty in on grant proposals
- **Generating Support through Community**
 - Including women faculty in social activities
 - Encouraging social activities for the department
 - Being available to offer help and advice to new women faculty

11



How Ready are URI Faculty to ADVANCE Women Scientists?

- STEM Faculty (N = 138)
- 73.7% Men & 26.3% Women
- Mean Age = 51.31
- **Are you taking these 4 steps to advance women scientists at URI?**
 - NO, and I don't intend to in the next 6 months
 - NO, but I intend to in the next 6 months
 - NO, but I intend to in the next 30 days
 - YES, I have been, but for less than 6 months
 - YES, I have been for more than 6 months

12



- **Creating Opportunities for Collaboration**
 - Introducing new women faculty to other faculty on and off campus
 - Inviting women faculty to collaborate on projects
 - Facilitating students to work with women faculty
- **Enhancing Competency through Mentoring**
 - Teaching about funding mechanisms
 - Explaining the communication channels and network structure of university offices
 - Offering guidance on how to publish

10

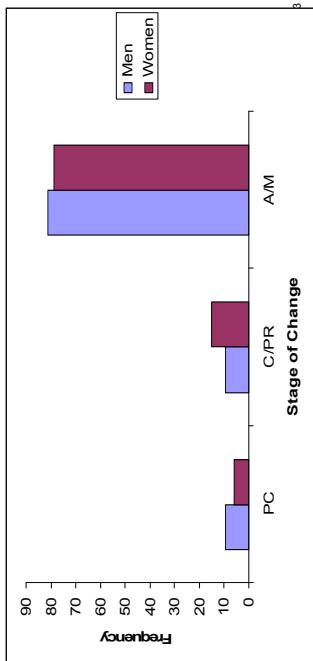


- **Self-Efficacy**
 - Change more likely when there is greater perceived ability to engage in specific behavior successfully
- **Processes of Change**
 - Movement through stages facilitated by 10 cognitive and behavioral strategies

9

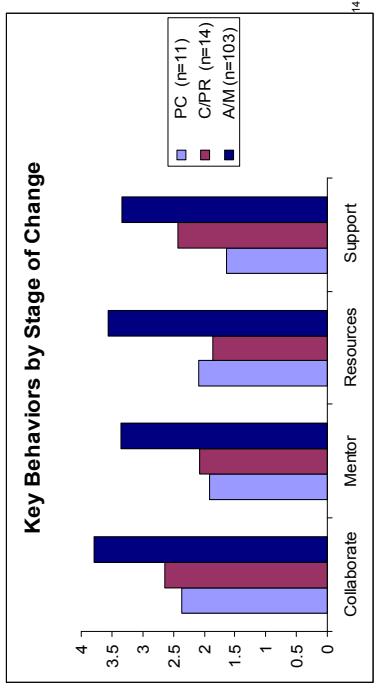
Stage of Change

- 8.5% PC (no plan)
- 10.8% C/PR (considering possibility/ready to begin)
- 80.8% A/M (taking action)



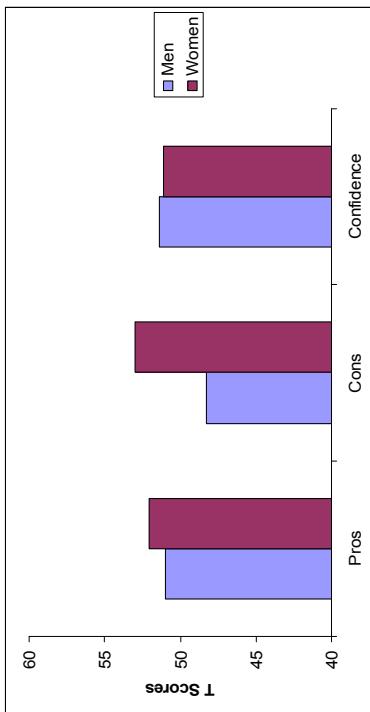
4 Key Behaviors by Stage

- Faculty in later stages of readiness more likely to do the behaviors



TTM Constructs

- Men rated fewer cons of advancing women scientists than women



Departmental Climate Workshops

- **Appreciative Inquiry** Workshop Format:
"The process of studying a phenomenon changes it; organizations grow in direction they ask questions about and focus attention on"
- Applying strategies in TTM:
Movement through stages facilitated by 10 processes of change

Consciousness raising
Dramatic relief
Environmental and self reevaluation
Social and self liberation
Reinforcement management
Counter-conditioning
Helping relationships
Stimulus control



Key Ingredients for Success

- Endorsement from the top
- Focus on benefits to everyone
- Avoid blaming
- Include at least 3-5 women in workshops
- Follow-up quickly with feedback
- Identify responsible parties for action steps
- Make part of larger picture
- Collaborate with other campus groups

18

Feedback

- “The most valuable aspect of this workshop was . . .

Facing the issues

- “Bringing up ‘real’ issues and being able to discuss them openly”
- “Increased awareness of issues surrounding work environment of junior faculty”
- “Awareness of some previous problems associated with our work environment”
- “Should have done this a long time ago”

Connecting with colleagues

- “Learning that other faculty in the department share the same concerns”
- “Initiating what may have been missing: social interaction”
- “Group decision making and developing action lists”
- “Chance to talk to colleagues about key values and unusual topics”

- Average evaluation: 8.6 out of 10

17



18